

Onpairwise Compactness in Fuzzy Finebi-Topological Spaces



K. Sugapriya, B. Amudhambigai

Abstract: In this paper the concepts of Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually open cover, Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually compact spaces and Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected spaces are introduced and also an equivalent statement on Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually compact spaces is established.

Keywords: Fuzzy fine bi-topological spaces, Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually open cover, Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually compact spaces and Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected spaces

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification: 54A40, 03E72.

I. INTRODUCTION

Zadeh [9] presented the idea of Fuzzy set in 1965. In 1968, Chang [5] considered the idea of fuzzy topological space. In 1963 Kelly [6], first characterized the idea of bitopological spaces. Powar and Rajak [8] have presented a space namely fine space which is a generalization of a topological space. The idea of Fine fuzzy topological space was characterized by Amudhambigai and Rowthri [4]. Fletcher [8] set up the idea of strong Pairwise compactness In this paper the ideas of fuzzy fine bi-topological space, Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually open cover, Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually compact spaces are presented and furthermore some equivalent statements on Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually compact spaces is established.

II. PRELIMINARIES

In this section the fundamental and necessary definitions required for this paper are discussed.

Definition 2.1[5] A fuzzy topology on a set X is a collection δ of fuzzy sets in X satisfying:

- (1) $0 \in \delta$ and $1 \in \delta$
- (2) If μ and γ belongs to δ , then does $\mu \wedge \gamma$ and
- (3) If μ_i belongs to δ for each $i \in J$, then so does $\bigvee \mu_i$.

If δ is a fuzzy topology on X , then the pair (X, δ) is called a fuzzy topological space. The members of δ are called fuzzy open sets. Fuzzy sets of the form $(1-\mu)$, where μ is a fuzzy open set, are called fuzzy closed sets.

Revised Manuscript Received on January 30, 2020.

* Correspondence Author

K. Sugapriya*, Department of Mathematics, Sri Sarada College for Women(Autonomous), Salem, Tamilnadu, India. Email: nirmalaprriya97@gmail.com

Dr. B. Amudhambigai, Department of Mathematics, Sri Sarada College for Women(Autonomous), Salem, Tamilnadu, India. Email: rbamudha@yahoo.co.in

© The Authors. Published by Blue Eyes Intelligence Engineering and Sciences Publication (BEIESP). This is an open access article under the CC-BY-NC-ND license <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/>.

Definition 2.2[7] Let (X, T) be a topological space. We define $T(A_\alpha) = T_\alpha$ (say) $= \{ G_\alpha (\neq X) : G_\alpha \cap A_\alpha \neq \phi, \text{ for } A_\alpha \in T \text{ and } A_\alpha \neq \phi, X \text{ for some } \alpha \in J, \text{ where } J \text{ is the indexed set } \}$. Now, we define $T_f = \{ \phi, X, \bigcup_{\alpha \in J} T_\alpha \}$. The above collection T_f of subsets of X is called the fine collection of subsets of X and (X, T, T_f) is said to be the fine space X generated by the topology T on X .

Definition 2.3[3] A fuzzy bitopological space is a triple (X, T_1, T_2) where X is a set T_1 and T_2 are any two fuzzy topologies on X .

Definition 2.4[8] A bi-topological space $(X, \mathcal{P}_1, \mathcal{P}_2)$ is said to be Pairwise dually compact if each Pairwise open cover \mathcal{U} of X has a finite subcollection \mathcal{V} of \mathcal{U} such that $\{ \mathcal{P}_j \text{ int}(\bigcup \mathcal{V}) : \mathcal{V} \in \mathcal{V} \cap \mathcal{P}_i, i \in \{1, 2\} \}$ covers X .

Definition 2.5[4] Let (X, T) be a fuzzy topological space. Let $T(\lambda_\alpha) = T_\alpha = \{ \mu_\alpha \in I^X, \mu_\alpha \neq 1_X : \mu_\alpha \supseteq \lambda_\alpha \text{ for each } \lambda_\alpha \in T \text{ and } \lambda_\alpha \neq 0_X, 1_X \text{ for some } \alpha \in J, \text{ where } J \text{ is an indexed set } \}$. Then the collection $T_f = \{ 0_X, 1_X, \bigcup_{\alpha \in J} T_\alpha \}$ of fuzzy sets is called the fine fuzzy collection and (X, T, T_f) is said to be the fine fuzzy topological space. The members of T_f are called fine fuzzy open sets and the complement of a fine fuzzy open set is called a fine fuzzy closed set.

III. PAIRWISE (T_{if}, T_{jf}) FUZZY FINE DUALY COMPACT

In this section the concepts of fuzzy fine bi-topological spaces, Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually open cover, Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually compact spaces are discussed. Also some of its interesting properties are studied.

Definition 3.1 Let (X, T_1, T_2) be a fuzzy bi-topological space. Let $T_{if}(\lambda_\alpha) = T_{i\alpha}$ (say) $= \{ \mu_\alpha \in I^X, \mu_\alpha \neq 1_X : \mu_\alpha \supseteq \lambda_\alpha \text{ for each } \lambda_\alpha \in T_i \text{ and } \lambda_\alpha \neq 0_X, 1_X \text{ for some } \alpha \in J, \text{ where } J \text{ is an indexed set } \}, i = 1, 2$. Then the collection $T_{if} = \{ 0_X, 1_X, \bigcup_{\alpha \in J} T_{i\alpha} \}$ for $i = 1, 2$ of fuzzy sets is called the fuzzy fine bi-collection and $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ is said to be the fuzzy finebi-topological space. Each member of T_{1f} is called a T_1 -fuzzy fine open set and each member of T_{2f} is called a T_2 -fuzzy fine open set.



Example 3.1 Let $X = \{ a, b \}$. Let $\mu_1, \mu_2, \mu_3, \mu_4, \mu_5 \in I^X$ be defined as follows: $\mu_1(a) = 0, \mu_1(b) = 1; \mu_2(a) = 1, \mu_2(b) = 0; \mu_3(a) = 0.5, \mu_3(b) = 0; \mu_4(a) = 0, \mu_4(b) = 0.5$ and $\mu_5(a) = 0.5, \mu_5(b) = 0.5$. Define $T_1 = \{ 0_X, 1_X, \mu_1, \mu_2, \mu_3, \mu_4, \mu_5 \}$ and $T_2 = \{ 0_X, 1_X, \mu_3, \mu_4, \mu_5 \}$. Clearly, T_1 and T_2 are fuzzy topologies and (X, T_1, T_2) is a fuzzy fine bi-topological space. Then $T_{if} = \{ 0_X, 1_X \}$ of fuzzy sets is a fuzzy fine bi-collection and hence $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{if}, T_{2f})$ is a fuzzy fine bi-topological space.

Definition 3.2 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be a fuzzy finebi-topological space. For any $\lambda \in I^X$, the fuzzy fine bi-interior and fuzzy fine bi-closure are respectively defined as follows:

$$Fint_{T_{if}}(\lambda) = \bigvee \{ \mu : \text{each } \mu \in I^X \text{ is a } T_{if}\text{-fuzzy fine open set for } i = 1, 2 \text{ and } \mu \leq \lambda \}$$

$$Fcl_{T_{if}}(\lambda) = \bigwedge \{ \mu : \text{each } \mu \in I^X \text{ is a } T_{if}\text{-fuzzy fine closed set for } i = 1, 2 \text{ and } \mu \geq \lambda \}$$

Definition 3.3 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be a fuzzy finebi-topological space. Any $\lambda \in I^X$ is said to be a (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open set if there exists a T_{if} -fuzzy fine open set $\mu \in I^X$ such that $\lambda = Fint_{T_{if}}(\mu)$, where $i, j = 1, 2$ and $i \neq j$. The complement of a (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open set is called a (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually closed set.

Definition 3.4 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be a fuzzy finebi-topological space. Any $\mu \in I^X$ is said to be a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open set if μ is a (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open set for $i, j = 1, 2$ and for each $\lambda \in T_{if}, \mu \leq \lambda$. The complement of a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open set is called a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually closed set.

Definition 3.5 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be a fuzzy finebi-topological space. A Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open cover of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ is the collection $\mathcal{P}O = \{ \mu_\alpha : \text{each } \mu_\alpha \in I^X \text{ is a Pairwise } (T_{if}, T_{2f}) \text{ fuzzy fine dually open set and } \alpha \in J \text{ is an indexed set} \}$ such that $\bigvee_{\alpha \in J} \mu_\alpha = 1_X$.

Also $\mathcal{P}C = \{ \gamma_\alpha : \text{each } \gamma_\alpha \in I^X \text{ is a Pairwise } (T_{if}, T_{2f}) \text{ fuzzy fine dually closed set and } \alpha \in J \text{ is an indexed set} \}$ is said to be a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually closed cover of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ if $\bigwedge_{\alpha \in J} \gamma_\alpha = 0_X$.

Definition 3.6 A fuzzy finebi-topological space $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ is called a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually compact space if for each Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open cover $\{ \mu_\alpha : \text{each } \mu_\alpha \in I^X \text{ is a Pairwise } (T_{if}, T_{2f}) \text{ fuzzy fine dually open set and } \alpha \in J \text{ is an indexed set} \}$ of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$, there exists a finite subset J_0 of J such that $\bigvee_{\alpha \in J_0} \mu_\alpha = 1_X$.

Definition 3.7 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be a fuzzy finebi-topological space. A cover $\mathcal{P}O_1 = \{ \lambda \in I^X : \lambda \in T_{if} \text{ or } \lambda \in T_{2f} \}$ is said to be a fuzzy fine step refinement of a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open cover $\mathcal{P}O$ of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ if for each $1_X - \lambda$ of $\mathcal{P}O_1$ there exists a $1_X - \mu$ of $\mathcal{P}C$ such that $1_X - \lambda \leq 1_X - \mu$.

Also $\mathcal{P}C_1 = \{ 1_X - \lambda \in I^X : \lambda \in T_{if} \text{ or } \lambda \in T_{2f} \}$ is said to be a fuzzy fine step refinement of a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually closed cover $\mathcal{P}C$ of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ if for each $1_X - \lambda$ of $\mathcal{P}O_1$ there exists a $1_X - \mu$ of $\mathcal{P}C$ such that $1_X - \lambda \leq 1_X - \mu$.

Proposition 3.1 For any fuzzy finebi-topological space $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$, the following statements are equivalent:

- (1) $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually compact space.
- (2) Each Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open cover of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ has a finite fuzzy fine step refinement.
- (3) Each Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually closed cover $\mathcal{P}C = \{ \mu_\alpha : \text{each } \mu_\alpha \in I^X \text{ is a Pairwise } (T_{if}, T_{2f}) \text{ fuzzy fine dually closed set} \}$ of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ there exists a finite subset J_0 of J such that $\bigwedge_{\alpha \in J_0} Fcl_{T_{if}}(\mu_\alpha) = 0_X$ whenever $1_X - \mu_\alpha \in T_{if}, i \in \{ 1, 2 \}$.

Proof (1) \Rightarrow (2) The proof is obvious, since on a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually compact space, each Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open cover has a finite step refinement.

(2) \Rightarrow (3) Let $\mathcal{P}C = \{ \mu_\alpha : \text{each } \mu_\alpha \in I^X \text{ is a Pairwise } (T_{if}, T_{2f}) \text{ fuzzy fine dually closed set} \}$ be a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually closed cover of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ such that $\bigwedge_{\alpha \in J} \mu_\alpha = 0_X$. Then $\mathcal{P}O = \{ 1_X - \mu_\alpha : \text{each } 1_X - \mu_\alpha \in I^X \text{ is a Pairwise } (T_{if}, T_{2f}) \text{ fuzzy fine dually open set} \}$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open cover of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$. By (2), there is a finite fuzzy step refinement $\mathcal{P}O_1$ of $\mathcal{P}O$ and there exists $\gamma_\alpha \in I^X$ of $\mathcal{P}O_1$ and $1_X - \mu_\alpha \in T_{if}$ of $\mathcal{P}O$ such that $\gamma_\alpha \leq 1_X - \mu_\alpha$. Thus $Fcl_{T_{if}}(\mu_\alpha) \leq 1_X - \gamma_\alpha$. Since $\bigwedge_{\alpha \in J_0} (1_X - \gamma_\alpha) = 0_X$ which in turn implies $\bigwedge_{\alpha \in J_0} (Fcl_{T_{if}}(\mu_\alpha)) = 0_X$.

(3) \Rightarrow (1): Let $\mathcal{P}O = \{ \lambda_\alpha : \text{each } \lambda_\alpha \in I^X \text{ is a Pairwise } (T_{if}, T_{2f}) \text{ fuzzy fine dually open set} \}$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{2f}) fuzzy fine dually open cover of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$. So $\mathcal{P}C = \{ 1_X - \lambda_\alpha : \text{each } \lambda_\alpha \in I^X \text{ is a Pairwise } (T_{if}, T_{2f}) \text{ fuzzy fine dually closed set} \}$ is a



Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually closed cover of $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$. By (3), there exists a finite subset J_0 of J such that $\bigwedge_{\alpha \in J_0} \text{Fcl}_{T_{if}}(1_X - \lambda_\alpha) = 0_X$ whenever $\lambda_\alpha \in T_{if}, i \in \{1, 2\}$.

Now $1_X - \bigwedge_{\alpha \in J_0} \text{Fcl}_{T_{if}}(1_X - \lambda_\alpha) = 1_X$. Then $\bigvee_{\alpha \in J_0} \text{Fint}_{T_{if}}(\lambda_\alpha) = 1_X$. Thus $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy finedly compact space.

Definition 3.8 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ and $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ be any two fuzzy fine bi-topological spaces. A function $f : (X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f}) \rightarrow (Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is called Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually continuous if for each fuzzy fine open set λ in $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$, the inverse image $f^{-1}(\lambda)$ is Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually open in $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$.

Definition 3.9 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ and $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ be any two fuzzy fine bi-topological spaces. A function $f : (X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f}) \rightarrow (Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is called Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually homeomorphism if f is bijective and Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually bicontinuous.

Proposition 3.2 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ and $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ be any two fuzzy fine bi-topological spaces. Iff $f : (X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f}) \rightarrow (Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually homeomorphism and $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually compact space then $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually compact space.

Proof Let $\{\mu_\alpha : \text{each } \mu_\alpha \in I^Y \text{ is a Pairwise } (T_{if}, T_{jf}) \text{ fuzzy fine dually open set and } \alpha \in J \text{ is an indexed set}\}$ be a fuzzy fine open covering of $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ such that $\bigvee_{\alpha \in J} \mu_\alpha = 1_Y$. Since f is Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually homeomorphism, $f^{-1}(\mu_\alpha) \in I^X$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually open set in $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$. Since $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ is Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy finedly compact, $\bigvee_{\alpha \in J} \mu_\alpha = 1_X$, there exists a finite subset J_0 of J such that $\bigvee_{\alpha \in J_0} f^{-1}(\mu_\alpha) = 1_X$. Since f is onto, $f(\bigvee_{\alpha \in J_0} f^{-1}(\mu_\alpha)) = f(1_X)$ which gives $\bigvee_{\alpha \in J_0} \mu_\alpha = 1_Y$. Hence $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually compact space.

IV. PAIRWISE (T_{if}, T_{jf}) FUZZY FINE CONNECTED SPACES

In this section the concepts of Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected space and Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine c-

bicontinuous function are introduced. Also some of their interesting Properties are discussed.

Definition 4.1 A fuzzy fine bi-topological space $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ is said to be a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected space if for $\lambda, \mu \in I^X$, $(\lambda \wedge cl_{T_{if}}(\mu)) \vee (cl_{T_{if}}(\lambda) \wedge \mu) = 0_X$ where $i, j = 1, 2$ and $i \neq j$. Then λ, μ and $1_X - \lambda, 1_X - \mu$ are said to be a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine separated sets and are said to be a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected sets respectively.

A non-Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected Space is called a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine disconnected space.

Proposition 4.1 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be any fuzzy fine bi-topological space. Then the following conditions are equivalent:

- (1) $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine disconnected space.
- (2) $1_X = \lambda \vee \mu$ where $\lambda \tilde{q} \mu$, λ is a T_1 -fuzzy open set and μ is a T_2 -fuzzy open set.
- (3) $1_X = \lambda \vee \mu$ where $\lambda \tilde{q} \mu$, λ is a T_1 -fuzzy closed set and μ is a T_2 -fuzzy closed set.

Proof Obvious from the definition.

Proposition 4.2 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be a fuzzy fine bi-topological space. Then for any Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected set $\gamma \in I^X$, there exists a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine separated sets λ and μ in I^X such that $\gamma \leq \lambda$ or $\gamma \leq \mu$

Proof Let $\lambda, \mu \in I^X$ be any two Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine separated sets. Then by Definition 4.1, $(\lambda \wedge cl_{T_{if}}(\mu)) \vee (cl_{T_{if}}(\lambda) \wedge \mu) = 0_X$ where $i, j = 1, 2$ and $i \neq j$. Now Consider,

$$\begin{aligned} & ((\gamma \wedge \lambda) \wedge cl_{T_{if}}(\gamma \wedge \mu)) \vee (cl_{T_{if}}(\gamma \wedge \lambda) \wedge (\gamma \wedge \mu)) \leq \\ & (\lambda \wedge cl_{T_{if}}(\mu)) \vee (cl_{T_{if}}(\lambda) \wedge \mu) = 0_X \\ \Rightarrow & ((\gamma \wedge \lambda) \wedge cl_{T_{if}}(\gamma \wedge \mu)) \vee (cl_{T_{if}}(\gamma \wedge \lambda) \wedge (\gamma \wedge \mu)) = 0_X \\ \Rightarrow & ((\gamma \wedge \lambda) \wedge cl_{T_{if}}(\gamma \wedge \mu)) = 0_X \text{ or } (cl_{T_{if}}(\gamma \wedge \lambda) \wedge (\gamma \wedge \mu)) = 0_X \\ \Rightarrow & \gamma \wedge \lambda = 0_X \text{ or } \gamma \wedge \mu = 0_X \\ \Rightarrow & \gamma \leq 1_X - \lambda \text{ or } \gamma \leq 1_X - \mu \end{aligned}$$

Since

$$\begin{aligned} & \lambda + \mu \phi 1_X, 1_X - \lambda \pi \mu \text{ and } 1_X - \mu \pi \lambda \\ \Rightarrow & \gamma \leq \lambda \text{ or } \gamma \leq \mu \end{aligned}$$

Proposition 4.3 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be a fuzzy fine bi-topological space if $\lambda \in I^X$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected set and $\lambda \leq \mu \leq cl_{T_{if}}(\lambda) \wedge cl_{T_{if}}(\lambda)$ then μ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected set.

Proof Suppose $\mu \in I^X$ is not a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected set. Then $\mu = \gamma \wedge \delta$, where $\gamma, \delta \in I^X$ and $\mu + \lambda \phi 1_X$ such that $(\gamma \wedge cl_{T_{if}}(\delta)) \vee (cl_{T_{if}}(\gamma) \wedge \delta) = 0_X$

Since $\lambda \in I^X$ is Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected, By Proposition 4.1, $\lambda \leq \gamma$ or $\lambda \leq \delta$. Suppose $\lambda \leq \gamma$. Then $\delta \leq \delta \wedge (\gamma \vee \delta) = \delta \wedge \mu \leq \delta \wedge cl_{T_{if}}(\lambda) = 0_x$. Therefore, $\delta = 0_x$. Similarly we can prove $\gamma = 0_x$. But this is a contradiction to the fact that $\mu + \lambda \neq 1_x$. Hence $\mu \in I^X$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected set.

Definition 4.2 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ and $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ be any two fuzzy fine bi-topological spaces. A function $f : (X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f}) \rightarrow (Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is called a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine c-continuous if for each fuzzy fine connected open set λ in $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$, the inverse image $f^{-1}(\lambda)$ is Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected open in $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$.

Definition 4.3 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ and $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ be any two fuzzy fine bi-topological spaces. A function $f : (X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f}) \rightarrow (Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is called a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine c-homeomorphism if f is bijective and Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine c-bicontinuous.

Proposition 4.4 Let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ and $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ be any two fuzzy fine bi-topological spaces. A function $f : (X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f}) \rightarrow (Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine c-homeomorphism and $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected space then $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected space.

Proof Let $f : (X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f}) \rightarrow (Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ be a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine c-homeomorphism and let $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ be a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected space. Assume that $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine disconnected space. Then $1_Y = \gamma \vee \delta$ where γ is a T_1 -fuzzy fine open and δ is a T_2 fuzzy fine open in $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$. Since f is Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually homeomorphism, $f^{-1}(\gamma)$ is T_1 -fuzzy fine open and $f^{-1}(\delta)$ is T_2 -fuzzy fine open in $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$. Hence $1_X = f^{-1}(\gamma) \vee f^{-1}(\delta)$, where $f^{-1}(\gamma) \bar{q} f^{-1}(\delta)$. Hence $(X, T_1, T_2, T_{1f}, T_{2f})$ is a pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine disconnected space. But this leads to a contradiction. Therefore $(Y, S_1, S_2, S_{1f}, S_{2f})$ is a Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine connected space.

V. CONCLUSION

In this paper, we discussed some properties on Pairwise (T_{if}, T_{jf}) fuzzy fine dually compact spaces. We can extend the work in fuzzy Peano space.

REFERENCES

1. **AjoyMukharjee**, "On nearly Pairwise compact spaces". KYUNGPOOK Math.J.53(2013), 125-133.
2. **AjoyMukharjee**, "Some new Bitopological notions". PUBLICATIONS DE L'INSTITUT MATHEMATIQUE (2013), 165-172.
3. **A. Kandil**, "Biproximities and fuzzy bitopological spaces". Simen Stevin, 63(1989), 45-66.
4. **B. Amudhambigai, M. Rowthri**, "A view on fuzzy fine topological Group structure spaces". International Journal of computational and applied mathematics, (2017), 412-422.
5. **C. L .Chang**, "Fuzzy topological spaces". J. Math. Anal., App. 24(1968), 182-190.
6. **J. C Kelly**, "Bitopological spaces", Proc. London Math. Soc., 13(1963), 45-66.
7. **K. Rajak**, "fagraw-connectedness in fine topological spaces". Journal of Science and Research,(2015), 638-641.
8. **Powar P. L. and Rajak K.**, "Fine irresolute mappings", Journal of Advance Studies in Topology, 3 (2012), No. 4, , 125-139.
9. **Zadeh**, "Fuzzy sets", Information and control, 8(1965), 338-353.

AUTHORS PROFILE



K. Sugapriya, M.Sc., M.Phil., is a research scholar in Mathematics in Sri Sarada College for Women(Autonomous), Salem, Tamilnadu, India. She has published Three articles in national and international journals. She is doing research in fuzzy Path connected Spaces.



Dr. B. Amudhambigai, M.Sc., MPhil, Ph.D is working as an Assistant Professor in Mathematics at Sri Sarada College for Women(Autonomous), Salem, Tamilnadu, India. She has published several articles in many reputed journals and guiding M.Phil and Ph.D students. Her research area includes fuzzy Cryptography and Mathematical Modelling.

