

# 5G Wireless Network Security Strategies and Security Issues or its Uses in 5G Networks



#### Sanjay Kumar, Inderpreet Kaur, Kanika Singhal

Abstract: Future production networks (5G) will power employ new technological technologies toward convene the supplies of broadband admittance and wireless access ubiquitously and anywhere elevated frequency with mobile availability, and convergence of huge numbers of policy (Internet of Things (IoT)) within an especially consistent plus reasonable means. The potential attack with safety services inside 5G wireless network be then outline by the understanding of novel repair values and original practice cases. We hit 5G using open partners through aphasia approaches industries. The eNB LTE is a master node, and gNB is a master node as well as Massive MIMO (Beam Formulation) for Mobile use. In this 5G Technology use and Smart City and IoT Extending the current Internet and linking, contact, and inter-networking between computer and physical object or' things' is a growing trend which is offending referred to as the Internet of Things. This paper provides approaches to these problems and roadmap for stable 5G networks in the future.

Keywords: 5G, LTE eNB, MIMO, IoT(Internet of Things), 5G Wireless, Device-to-device communications.

#### I. INTRODUCTION

The 5 G wireless networks can deliver extremely far above the ground information levels plus excellent reporting with considerably better service excellence and incredibly short latency [1]. With enormously opaque pedestal station installations, 5G would omnipresent offer ultra-consistent and fair broadband admission not merely to cellular handheld rule, other than too to a huge figure of novel plans linked to Machine-to-Machine communication (M2M), Internet of Physical Systems(CPS)[2].Such and Cyber enhancement implies that 5G is not a mere gradual 4G advancement as one strength thinks instinctively, except an adding of original troubled technology toward convene the ever increasing burden of consumer transfer, the infrastructure, open plus prospective IoT procedure[2].

To meet these design requirements, a variety of technology [3] is feasible for 5G systems, such as varied networks, huge multiple input multiple output (MIMO) milli meter gesticulate,

#### Revised Manuscript Received on May 30, 2020.

\* Correspondence Author

Sanjay Kumar\*, Department of Information Technology , Galgotia College of engineering & Technology , Gr. Noida, India. E-mail: skhakhil@hmail.com

**Dr. Inderpreet Kaur,** Computer Science Engineering , Galgotia College of Engineering & Technology ,Gr. Noida, India. E-mail: kaur.lamba@gmail.com

**Kanika Singhal,** Department of Information Technology , Galgotia College of engineering & Technology , Gr. Noida, India. E-mail: skhakhil@hmail.com

© The Authors. Published by Blue Eyes Intelligence Engineering and Sciences Publication (BEIESP). This is an open access article under the CC BY-NC-ND license (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/)

D2D infrastructure software defined network system visualization function (VFV)[3]with network slice. Because of the transmission of natural earth as well as the inadequate bandwidth of the wireless infrastructure, protection skin such as authentication, honesty and confidentiality is possibly but difficult to deliver. Because of the transmission of natural earth and the limited bandwidth of the wireless infrastructure, protection skin such as authentication, honesty and confidentiality is possibly but difficult to deliver. There are a number of safety issues in the current cellular network with Maces handle coating (MAC) with physical layer being right on average under conditions of probable threats, vulnerabilities and respect for solitude. Within the cellular legacy network extended expression Evolution, a towering height of protection as well as two thinness truss is given for users and network operators [3]. As well as user traffic encryption, it enables mutual authentication between support locations. In addition, the protection of LTE's right of entry a nd organization of mobility is guaranteed by key pecking ord er and the main organizational system is given up.



Fig. 1. Enhanced Mobile Broadband (eMBB)

The paper's main contributions be summarizing since follow. We primary talk about a variety of threats because the security services dependent on the state-of the-art solutions in 5G wireless networks[3]. The new security issues are then raised about the technologies applied to 5G wireless networks. Aggravated through these investigate plus growth activities on security, We also proposing a unsullied 5G wireless safety measures structural design, base on top of which identity management psychiatry and versatile verification are offered [4].

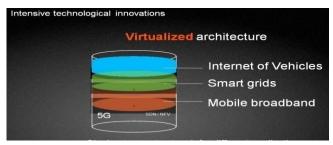


Fig.2. Intensive Technology Innovations



Journal Website: www.ijitee.org

## II. ATTACK AND SAFETY IN 5GWIRELESS NETWORKS

The favorite alternatives to ward utilizing a protected API that completely avoid using the analyst otherwise offer a parameterized crossing point, or to wander using Object Relational Mapping Tools. Using server-side validation for optimistic or "white list" data [5]. These lives not a whole protection since a lot of apps need particular font for mobile applications, such because manuscript areas or else APIs. Preventing injection involves keeping commands and queries separate from the results.

#### A. Attack situation:

Situation 1: A relevance uses un trusted facts in the building of the next susceptible SQL entitle:cord query = "SELECT \* FROM accounts WHERE custID="" + request.getParameter ("id") + """;

Situation 2: correspondingly an application's sightless faith in frameworks might consequence in query so as to be still susceptible, (e.g. lie dormant query verbal communication (HQL)): answer HQLQuery = session.createQuery ("FROM accounts WHERE custID="" + request.getParameter ("id") + """);

Within together suitcases, the assailant modifies the 'id' restriction assessment in their browser to propel: ' or '2'='2. For example:http://google.com/app/accountView?id=' or '2'='2

This change the sense of both queries to go reverse all the minutes from the financial records table. Extra hazardous attack might change or erase data, or even call up store procedures

#### III. RELATED WORK

Within we address the limitations within 4G and how to push towards 5G by addressing those limitations. The security concerns relating to 4G be the require of systems toward enable information transfer burst, restricted base station dispensation capability, and latency, indirectly if not directly affecting it[5]. If these restrictions are not eliminated, then the network will become vulnerable to security challenges. Burst within facts transfer, for model, be able to be owing to rightful reason like multitude actions, or else due to DoS attack [5].

Table.1. Acronyms And Corresponding Full Meaning

AI	Artificial Intelligence
AKA	Authentication and Key
	Agreement
AMF	Autonomous Management
	Framework
ARIB	Association of Radio Industries
	and Businesses
CPS	Cyber-Physical System
MIMO	Multiple-Input and
	Multiple-Output
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
UDP	User Datagram Protocol

#### A. Authentication

Important security features in 5G wireless networks are authentication is one of the most important feature. An authentication scheme inside the inheritance cellular networks is usually base on symmetric key[6]. The authentication scheme can be introduced to provide many security requirements. In cellular networks of the third generation

(3G) the common verification among a mobile station as well as the network is implemented.

#### B. MIMO

Huge MIMO know how to supply elevated EE plus SE to accommodate additional user concurrently by using a great figure of antenna at the BSs. At BSs, the large number of antenna will considerably get improved throughput, EE presentation, with move mainly indication dispensation plus computing as of customer terminal to BSs. In addition, massive MIMO will boost the communications safety. Into for a downlink K row HetNet network by numerous eavesdroppers the authors considered PLS[6]. Growing MBS uses linear zero-forcing beam forming to arm itself with large antenna arrays.

#### C. SDN

The authors discussed SDN health pros and cons. Table shows the benefits of Software Defined Network safety measures over conventional networks. In addition to the SDN pros introduced to 5 G network, the latest security issue arising from SDN and potential contradict measures.

#### D. IoT

Safety services in 5G IoT networks require to be powerful and insubstantial, owed to the incomplete processing capacity and IoT nodes. Relaying was seen as effectual device in IoT networks to put aside the authority of IoT nodes and too to reporting of the transmission. Relay the communication protection in IoT networks is implemented through allowing for power share and open sesame speed building more than two broadcasts over randomly distributed eavesdroppers[7]. Mutually one and Two-antenna situations are known at relay and eavesdroppers.RFID is an automated ID and data capture technology which is commonly use in IoT network. In RFID, a safe request revocation system is future to professionally plus securely apply RFID and revoke applications in the tag. Based lying on academic analysis the planned system achieves a senior amount of safety than additional current scheme.

## IV. 5G WIRELESS SAFETY MEASURES ARCHITECTURE

Within the part present security architecture for the 5 G wireless network. First we demonstrate a 5G wireless network architecture on the basis of which we give equivalent security structural design further. Individuality protection and versatile validation are analyzed, base on the planned 5G security design. To highlight the benefits of the emerging 5G wireless security system, a handover protocol and signaling load analysis is being studied. anywhere in the paper. Do not number text heads-the template will do that for you

#### E. A. 5G Wireless Network Architecture

According to ITU-T safety design rationally separates safety features keen on different architectural components. This enables methodical approach to end protection for new networks that enable the preparation of new security technologies and the evaluation of current network security. The 5G safety buildings have been identified with dissimilar domain in the most recent update of 3GPP technical specifications [9].

Published By:
Blue Eyes Intelligence Engineering
& Sciences Publication

Journal Website: www.ijitee.org



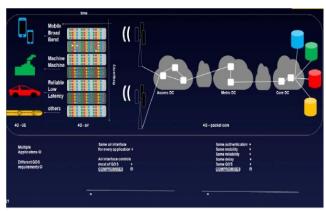


Fig.3.One Size Does Not Fit All

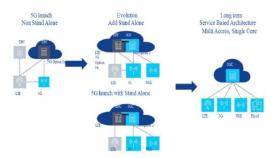


Fig 4. 5G - A Phased approach

#### B. LTE eNB is a Master Node:

The 5G safety structural design itself does not define particular safety intimidation and the solution for person's intimidation [9]. Though presentis sure defined safety solution also pending from the preceding generation by means of medication for enhancement or defined recently is according toward the kingdom of 5G [10]. The LTE safety concept is initial point, other than careful as benchmark for safety of prospect wireless network. In some container, the clever idea of 5G safety is based on (i) highest built in safety (ii) Supple safety mechanism, and (iii) Computerization as describe by Samsung.

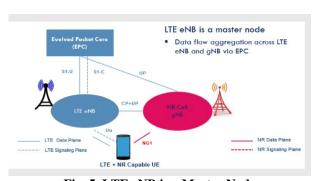


Fig .5. LTE eNB is a Master Node

### V. CHALLENGE IN 5G TECHNOLOGY

The aforesaid apparition 5G presents an overabundance of challenge that we be able to sketch, 5G aims to give a worldwide ICT network to tackles wider community problems through flexibly aligning stakeholder incentives as it is genuinely programmable, safe, reliable, privacy conserving and scalable, thus minimizing costs per bit through efficiently harnessing all communication. Examples of stake holder [14].

• Person and community of people.

- SME Corporation not for income plus communal organization.
- Municipalities and public administrations.

Through put supply 9999x additional collective throughput obtainable, because healthy as 10x more pace for person end-users, to enable truly immersive experiences. Which may allow new type of broadcast services to be incorporated?

#### 1. Latency:

Provide service level latency heading for tangible Internet, interactive and immersive experiences healthy as standard Internet air-force up to approximately 1ms (when required).

#### 2. Energy competence:

Wireless portable broadband infrastructures explanation for supplementary than 60 percent of telecommunications operator networks energy consumption, while ICT's global energy consumption is reaching 4.5 percent with an growing increase [16]. It's critical that future 5G networks meet energy-efficient requirements and challenges.

**3. Battery lifetime:** Offer 10 times better battery life for low throughput applications like sensors.

#### VI. RESULT & ANALYSIS

In this paper, we're discussing how the security architecture described above meets the function stated in the section. The old cycle is about how refuge preparation is intelligent to be worn to clarify 5 G networks in sanctuary conditions relevant selection of animal entity and subsystems, plus how such grouping is smart to be second-hand of pressure psychology, sanctuary supplies and parallel execution of protective computation.

#### A. Compatibility

The configuration of the safety measures will concern 4 G networks. The definition of region and stratum is TS intrinsic and is the basis for security planning of 4 G networks. Our refuge architecture domain as well as 4 G equivalent stratum and as a result model this network and its refuge wheel jug.

#### **B.** Adaptability

The defense design should be flexible and pliable to potential network solution through new and military functionality. The architecture of the sanctuary allows for identification of the original domain refuge area. The direction of safety management may also be expanded with additional initial ones. This makes it possible to get a feel for the frame to arrest aspect related to original form of bullying that wants to be careful and clarify hope network solution through novel actor and military feature.

#### C. Protection

The safety design should promote structure and model the complex portable mechanism and through septic sanctuary concern wants to get into the field. The concept of a security run program offers a planned mode for uttering septic information, work and military safety needs in a network. The specified safety realm imprisons requirements of introverted or additional strata or domains and is there to group various aspects of the network with septic protection concerns. Bringing these two principles together by evaluating which safety wheel is required in a known safety kingdom would provide a complete and ready view of the appropriate safety system to ensure that safety needs are met.



Journal Website: www.ijitee.org

Published By:

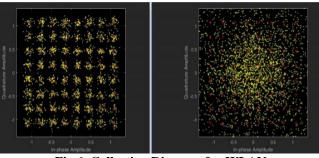


Fig.6. Collection Diagram for WLAN

Once the sprint imitation has been started, we can perceive that for the convenience we have set the bandwidth to 19 MHz plus by failing to disburse the MIMO has been set to the room time chunk method, the multi-height antenna number has been set to 4, the number of bytes has been set to 1000 within the diagram that the x axis has been set to Megahertz and y axis. The summit shade chart is the manufacture of the preceding indication to the strait model, and the base shadow appearance is his conduit model development.

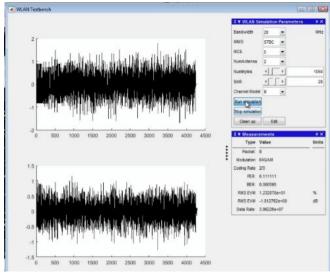


Fig.7. Reproduction of WLAN

#### VII. CONCLUSION

Governments, manufacturers, providers and academics are showing the ongoing culture of cooperation and creativity around the sector through the various projects and debates on 5 G going on across the world. We have also implemented a range of safety realm toward imprison the safety wants of different domain sets. The means to satisfy these security needs are grouped into a variety of security management groups based on various security concerns. The safety domains are inspired by groups of security features previously established for 3 G and 4 G networks. Classes of security control consider their source dimensions in ITUTX. 805.We presented survivable schemes which allow reliability and control reserves of 5 G convey networks based on DWDM jewels to be improved. The significant benefit of these schemes lies continuous fiber failure monitoring even when the AE-BS is in sleep.

#### REFERENCES

1. Wong, Elaine, Elena Grigoreva, Lena Wosinska, and Carmen Mas Machuca. "Enhancing the survivability and power savings of 5G

- transport networks based on DWDM rings." Journal of Optical Communications and Networking 9, no. 9 (2017): D74-D85.
- 2. Kumar, Sanjay, Gagan Gupta, and Kunwar Rajat Singh. "5G: Revolution of future communication technology." In 2015 international conference on green computing and internet of things (ICGCIoT), pp. 143-147. IEEE, 2015.
- 3. Al-Falahy, Naser, and Omar Y. Alani. "Technologies for 5G networks: Challenges and opportunities." IT Professional 19, no. 1 (2017): 12-20.
- Chen, Shanzhi, and Jian Zhao. "The requirements, challenges, and technologies for 5G of terrestrial mobile telecommunication." IEEE communications magazine 52, no. 5 (2014): 36-43.
- Wong, Elaine, Elena Grigoreva, Lena Wosinska, and Carmen Mas Machuca. "Enhancing the survivability and power savings of 5G transport networks based on DWDM rings." Journal of Optical Communications and Networking 9, no. 9 (2017): D74-D85.
- 6. Sun, Li, and Qinghe Du. "Physical layer security with its applications in 5G networks: review." China Communications 14, no. 12 (2017): 1-14.
- 7. Wu, Yongpeng, Ashish Khisti, Chengshan Xiao, Giuseppe Caire, Kai-Kit Wong, and Xiqi Gao. "A survey of physical layer security techniques for 5G wireless networks and challenges ahead." IEEE Journal on Selected Areas in Communications 36, no. 4 (2018): 679-695
- 8. Arfaoui, Ghada, Pascal Bisson, Rolf Blom, Ravishankar Borgaonkar, Håkan Englund, Edith Félix, Felix Klaedtke et al. "A security architecture for 5G networks." IEEE Access 6 (2018): 22466-22479.
- 9. Mitra, Rupendra Nath, and Dharma P. Agrawal. "5G mobile technology: A survey." ICT Express 1, no. 3 (2015): 132-137.
- Fang, Dongfeng, Yi Qian, and Rose Qingyang Hu. "Security for 5G mobile wireless networks." IEEE Access 6 (2017): 4850-4874.
- M. Agiwal, A. Roy and N. Saxena, "Next Generation 5G Wireless Networks: A Comprehensive Survey", IEEE Communications Surveys & Tutorials, vol. 18, no. 3, pp. 1617-1655, 2016.
- M. Dabbagn, B. Hu, M. Guizani, and A. Rayes, "Software-Defined Networking Security: Pros and Cons", IEEE Communications, vol. 53, no. 6, pp. 73-79, 2015.
- Ericsson, Huawei. Qualcomm. The road to 5g: Drivers, applications, requirements and technical development. Technical report, Global mobile Suppliers Association (GSA), 2015.
- 14. Series, M. "IMT Vision-Framework and overall objectives of the future development of IMT for 2020 beyond." Recommendation ITU (2015): 2083-0.
- Mohr. Werner "The 5G infrastructure association." ITU-R.[Online]. Available: https://www. int/en/ITU-R/study-groups/rsg5/rwp5d/imt-2020/Documents/S03-1 5GPPP [Accessed: Mar. 29, 2019] (2017).
- Werner. association." ITU-R.[Online]. Available: https://www. itu. 1 5GPPP [Accessed: Mar. 29, 2019] (2017).
- Li, Zexian, Mikko A. Uusitalo, Hamidreza Shariatmadari, and Bikramjit Singh. "5g urllc: Design challenges and system concepts." In 2018 15th International Symposium on Wireless Communication Systems (ISWCS), pp. 1-6. IEEE, 2018.
- 18. Jaber, Mona, Muhammad Ali Imran, Rahim Tafazolli, and Anvar Tukmanov. "5G backhaul challenges and emerging research directions: A survey." IEEE access 4 (2016): 1743-1766.
- 19. Fang, Dongfeng, Yi Qian, and Rose Qingyang Hu. "Security for 5G mobile wireless networks." IEEE Access 6 (2017): 4850-4874.
- Janevski, Toni. "5G mobile phone concept." In 2009 6th IEEE Consumer Communications and Networking Conference, pp. 1-2. IEEE, 2009.

#### **AUTHORS PROFILE**



Sanjay Kumar, B.Tech(IT) ,M.Tech (CSE) Ph.D(Pursuing )In Computer Science Department in Galgotia University Gr. Noida India and working as assistant Professor in Galgotia college of engineering and Technology Gr. Noida (U.P) I Have 8 Year experience Teaching and Industry and My Research is Image Processing.









**Dr. Inderpreet Kaur** , B.Tech(CSE), M.Tech(CSE), PhD(CSE), I am working as Associate Professor in Galgotia college of Engineering and Technology , Greater Noida(U.P)I Have 14 Year of experience in Teaching and Industry . My Reserch Area are Data Mining , Network Security and Cyber Security .



Kanika Singhal ,B,Tech (CSE), M.Tech(CSE, Ph.D (Pursuing) In Computer Science Department in Galgotia University Gr. Noida India and working as assistant Professor in Galgotia college of engineering and Technology Gr. Noida (U.P)).and 7 Year of Teaching Experience, Research Area is Data mining.

