

Wireless Security Camera System

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Abstract: As the technology is advancing day by day, there are various alternatives occurring for the already present or previous technologies. This article suggests the working of an wireless CCTV camera. The article gives a brief idea of various technologies or software being used for to security purpose. The main goal of our design was to develop a network that allowed for the transmitting and receiving of images from camera nodes to a base station. The main objective is self powered wireless security camera.

Keywords: Raspberry Pi, DC to DC convertor, Motion Library

I. INTRODUCTION

Within one year Irish Citizen reported that 37,900 thefts from motor vehicles and 12,600 vehicles stolen. Automobiles are stolen or keyed, tires are slashed, windows are broken, antennas bent, etc car owners are facing all these problems. In all these cases, the owner reports the mischief so that local authorities can look after that. According to the survey, and accordingly to sufferer thirty nine percent of the thefts from cars were reported. There is no awareness of local law-enforcement authorities in relation to the crime committed. Installing CCTV camera systems in car parks throughout the world is one of the step for reducing the frequency of automobile crime. Many cases have been happened in which wireless or wired security cameras are used to avoid the crimes. Instead of installing a wired security camera system it would be preferable to install a unwired security camera system. This avoids the cost for construction with digging trenches for laying wire as compared to wired cameras. Although the cost is less but, wireless camera security camera systems still have number of limitations. Self-installation systems, are controlled over a number of cameras which must all be located within a certain distance of a base receiving unit, so that it can limit the surveillance area's range. The videos which are captured in central locations are send where it is viewed live or recorded which are captured by the wireless security camera system. Due to this we can report the crime. Due to the cost effective way wireless security camera systems are becoming popular. This system is installed in house or business places because of less expensive. Wireless cameras are also installed in apartments. Because of wireless camera system video extension cables are not needed through walls or ceilings. For installing wireless camera system the owner does not need approval of a landlord.

Revised Manuscript Received on August 05, 2019.

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II. LITERATURE REVIEW

If we use surveillance cameras which are remotely operated and gives video signals then we can reduce the crime. As per Marcus Baram's "Eye on the City" New York Police Department placed more than 3000 cameras in the city to keep an eye on the crime [2].

Gazzola Robert [3] conclude that video surveillance security system helps to control theft in large indoor shopping mall. This type of security system help to customers as well as owner of malls. If these malls uses effective surveillance system then they can provide or give best shopping experience to their customers [3].

One of the prevalent crimes in Ireland is theft of motor vehicle. To overcome this CCTV security system was designed. By placing this CCTV in parking areas or vehicle parking stations we can keep eye on the vehicle as well as on the theft of vehicles. They designed a system which is in two portions as camera mode and base station. In this they performs capturing images, motion detection and remote notifications activities and these activities are viewed online at base station [5].

One company who worked in wireless camera system. They developed a system with number of cameras attached to base station. At a time 4,8 or many cameras interfaced wirelessly to the base station. They developed their own product in wireless camera system. As a wireless system, they use WiFi or Bluetooth as per distance of communication [6].

An embedded home surveillance system which assesses the implementation of a cost effective alerting system based on small motion detection was presented They worked on implementing cheap in price, low power consumption; well utilize resources and efficient surveillance system using a set of various sensors. Their system helps to monitor the household activities in real time from anywhere and based on microcontroller which is considered nowadays as a limited resource and an open source solution compared to SBC [8].

Designing of a networked video capture system using Raspberry Pi. The proposed system works on capturing video and distributing with networked systems besides alerting the administration person via SMS alarm as required by the client. Their system was designed to work in a real-time situations and based on Raspberry Pi SBC. Contrasting to other embedded systems their real-time application offers client video monitor with the help of alerting module and SBC platform [9].

III. METHODOLOGY AND IMPLEMENTATION

Security system with motion detection, image processing and alert mechanism is implemented by Raspberry Pi. The videos and photos which are detected and captured are transmitted through internet. The camera team is responsible for the solar panel, charge controller, battery, Raspberrypi, harddisk and the camera module. We are responsible for setting up the network and the transceiver module. When the sensor detects motion, it triggers the camera to take pictures.

Solar panel:-PV panel is used to provide power source as well as to charge battery for system.

Charge controller:- Charge controller is a used in between battery and solar panel to provide efficient charging the battery and to protect battery from over / under voltage.

Raspberrypi 3 & camera:- The heart of our circuit is a raspberrypi 3 & camera. Raspberrypi operates on linux raspbian operating system and it supports Wi-Fi, Ethernet, USB ... etc modules.

Hence our objective is to streaming of live video and monitor this video via wireless technology. Hence raspberrypi has a inbuilt wifi module we have used for transferring data through network (it is local or internet). Raspberrypi work on python language programme. MPPT is a charge controller. It is a static controller which continuously track the maximum available power from PV Panel i.e Photovoltaic Panel. Regulated Power Supply is required to provide supply for Raspberrypi. Raspberrypi3 reads its feature from internet datasheet. Raspberrypi has Inbuilt WiFi Ethernet Bluetooth.

Camera gives video signal according to system design. At the output side we are going to work on processed data or storing the data at storage devices like harddisk.

Power Supply- The power supply is an electrical device. It supplies electric power to an electrical load.

Block Diagram for Wireless Security Camera System:

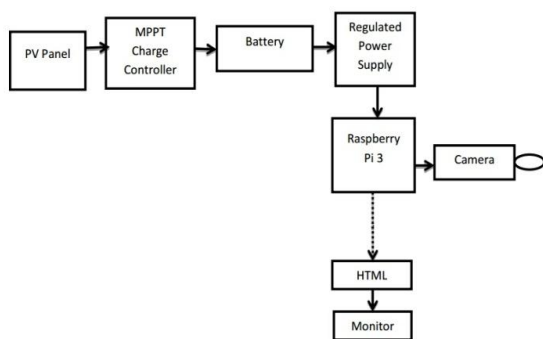


Fig a: Block Diagram

Consider the circuit diagram:

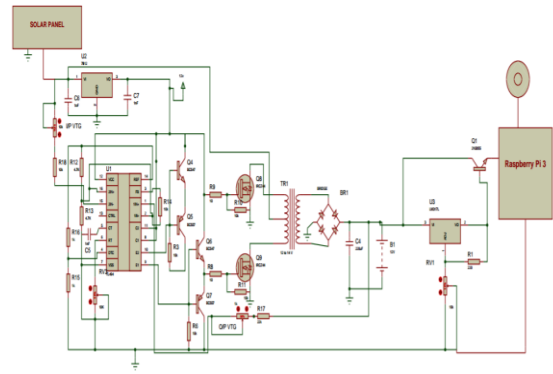


Fig b: Circuit Diagram

This system works on self powered system i.e., wireless camera works on solar panel and continuously capture the motion images and send it to the receiver end via wireless. We have used the solar panel to provide power to charge in day time and in system battery will provide backup to camera operating system. To capture motion image we have used a Raspberrypi 3 module with camera interfaced on it. Raspberrypi 3 operates on Raspbian operating system which will be available free on webs. For detection of motion in Raspbian Pi we use motion daemon 'Motion' library for that use sudo apt-get install motion commands on command line. You need a set of port forwarding in your modem or router if you want to monitor web cam anywhere over the internet. To your private IP address of Raspberrypi you need to forward the port 80. You can see the live streaming by entering your public IP address because of all the incoming connections to port 80 will be proceeded to the local address. You need to have static public IP address and it should not be change on each restart, to access the Raspberrypi over the internet. ISP provides the static IP address. Taken all this in consideration by using Raspberrypi and camera we can set up the low cost surveillance camera.

Algorithm:

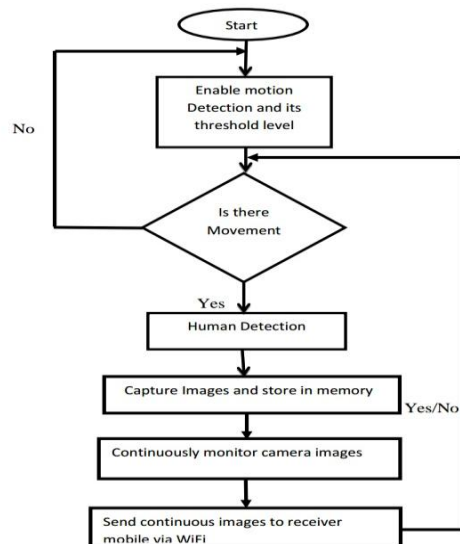


Fig c: Flow Chart

IV. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

This section describes the results and discussions. To test the functionality of the concept results are performed. Basic functionality of the system as well as its performances are tested. Following are the confirmations that we have tested:

- WiFi network is formed by the base station.
- Base station is joined or connected to the camera.
- Through the network an image can be transmitted.

Range:

We need to test the performance with the basic functionality. Range is involved in the presentation of system. As used in the initial state we first set up the base station and the camera node. We performed this test on a table. Data is transmitted at a high speed if we perform this test in open field. I have executed tests from different distances. The data was sent from two and fifteen meters which displays the images in fig. d and fig e. From this we come to an end that there is no data loss even for wide distance. Though images are transmitted from different ranges the time period is nearly constant. Maximum distance between two nodes in best case condition for open field test was forty meter.



Fig d: Image was taken from two meters distance.



Fig e: Image was taken from fifteen meters distance.

Above fig d and fig e shows images measured from, two and fifteen meters, respectively on table. Quality of picture doesn't changes. To get accurate test we repeated this experiment in a car park, because of vehicles, hikers, and other obstructions signal quality was poor in car park as compared to other.

Detection and Tracking Using Camera (Theresholding) :

| Pixel threshold | 0 | 300 | 500 | 700 | 900 | 1100 | 1300 | 1500 | 2000 |
|------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|
| Motion detection | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |
| Tracking | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |

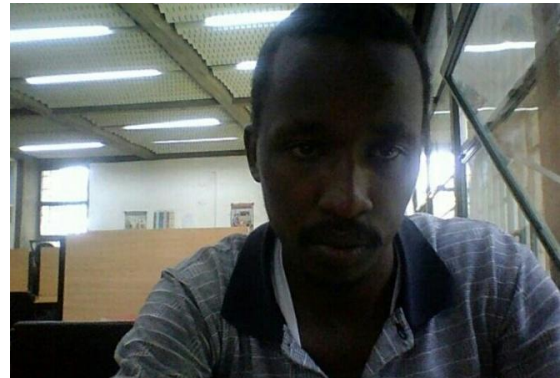


Fig f: Thereshold level 500pixels.

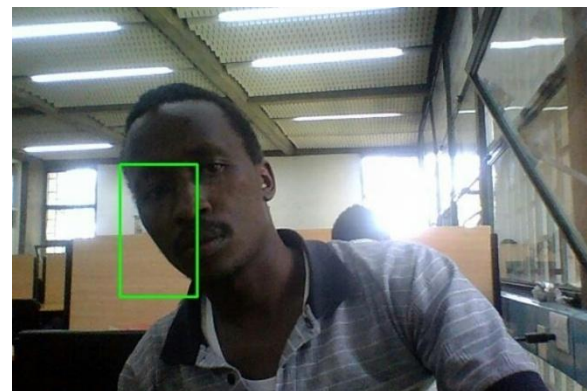


Fig g: Thereshold level 1100pixels.

Fig f and fig g shows result of Thereshold level 500pixels and 1100 pixels respectively. Fig 4.5 shows the result when the object in the stationary mood. Fig4.6 shows the result of tracking upon motion of an originally stationary object.

From those results in table, it can be deduced that detection and tracking is arrived by changing the thereshold level. However, detection occurs only within some limits. This can be shown by comparing the captions indicated in Figures f and g. At a pixel threshold = 500 and 1100, Motion detection and tracking was achieved, while at 2000 pixels no detection nor tracking is possible.

V. CONCLUSION

Raspberry Pi is the main controller, this project is designed and implemented a security system based on Raspberry Pi. The features of the system are motion detection using a motion daemon 'Motion' library, video capturing using a Pi Camera, image processing and sending out an alert through video streaming.



The system is self-sustaining.

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