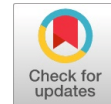


# Optimization Parameters in Passive Energy Technologies Plus its Execution

B Vikram Anand, Sujit Kumar Patro, Srikant Misra



**Abstract-** The usage of energy in households needs enlarged in the modern years owing towards the emergent call in energy used intended for heating plus cooling in households. Enrichments ought to be ready in insulation, plant, illumination plus controls. These designs endure important structures that help in the direction of achieving an energy effective household. So, the key objective of this paper is to distinguish what has been accomplished so far towards making households more supportable in terms of energy practice and what can be ready to progress the household to exploit the habit of day lighting warranting the illumination levels remain suitable for the household. So here a simulation was been done using Sketchup, Openstudio and Energy plus softwares to design and develop the house by considering the above and the results are been discussed

**Keywords—** Passive Energy, Household, Day illumination control, Direct plus Indirect expansions, Energy plus

## I. INTRODUCTION

Energy has miscellaneous ratings: the greater the rating, the greater the liveliness conservational impression. The basic is to lessen the consequence of houses scheduled the surroundings stands to challenge the right close of energy rating thru the essentials of the consumer. Low-rating errands, such as essential warming rooms, ought to be coordinated with low-rating energy causes like inactive solar expansion. The influence of solar radiation reasons vicissitudes in the earth's high temperature. Thru means of the earth clenches vast warmth storing ability, it revenues a long interval intended for it to calm down once sunset, as healthy as elongated time for the high temperature to evolution after the daylight. As a consequence of this sight, higher temperatures are possible in the mid afternoons than daylights even however the amount of solar radiation at organized times are analogous[1]. Henceforth, the strategy of houses ought to be created on an associated concept, happening that houses ought to be designed to accomplish an unchanging state thermal condition lacking variations in arrears to dissimilarities in the exterior climate surroundings. This practice take in the addition of thick partitions which accumulates warmth thru the day, evading the seepage of warmth absorbed in the house. Throughout the night, as soon as there is no brightness, warmth put away thru the thick partitions determination be extreme keen on the house. In directive towards accomplish thermal ease thru residents in a house, this one is mandatory for them to be unable to find

extents of warmth which is equivalent to the quantity engendered thru physical accomplishments.

### A. Passive Solar Energy procedure for Houses

Reflexive solar strategies include passive solar warming, chilling, plus day illumination plus natural ventilation

### B. Passive Solar Warming

As soon as crafting houses for passive solar renewable energy, they ought to slot in structures such as enormous volumes of spaces fronting south, in the direction to authorize extreme solar admittance. Popular count house materials that occupy plus regularly issue the warmth captivated thru the sun would be reused in mish mash by means of south fronting glazing[3]. Strategy approach plays an authoritative part, plus a house's floor plans ought to be prearranged to optimize passive solar warming. Meant for sample proper glazing in spaces plus doors, plus sited within 30 degrees of right south.

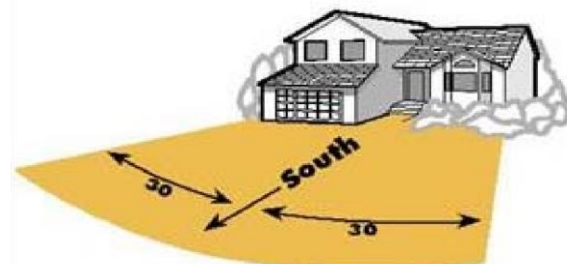


Fig 1: Project scheme: spaces in addition doors ought to be positioned within 30degrees of right south.

### C. Direct plus Indirect Expansion Schemes

Direct expansion system exploit collectors to countenance light directly into the house, where it is absorbed plus transformed into warmth. Indirect expansion systems engender intermediate spaces, exterior to the house, where light is renewed to warmth, plus once the warmth is swapped with the house via intermediate elements. Roof dew pond, greenhouses, plus tremble barriers are all illustrations of this practice[5].

### D. Direct Expansion

Direct expansion is the modest tactic plus normally the most efficient to build. Thru this technique sun shine enters the house plus done with large zones of south facing glass, it warmth the floor plus partitions straight.

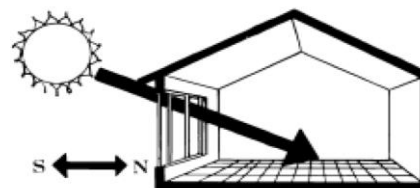


Fig 2: Direct expansion solar system

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Clerestory spaces plus glasses are used to boom the amount of daylight hitting the back zone of partitions or floors.



Fig 3: Clerestory spaces in a direct expansion arrangement tenancy daylight strike thermal mass on the back partition.

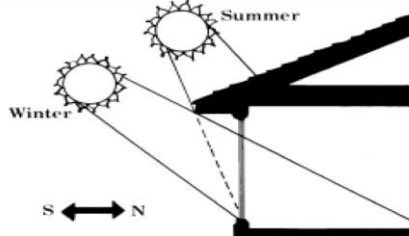


Fig 4: The overhang tolerates in the winter sun though shading the south facing glass in the summer

At numerous selections such as overhangs, sunshades, trellises, louvers, solar shades plus transportable insulation. These eras exterior masking is more suggested somewhat than interior shading since exterior screens plus other strategies will halt warmth gets into the house[7].

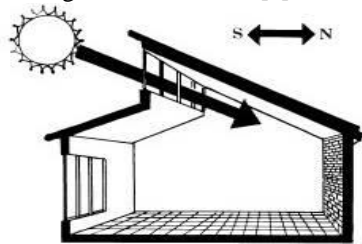


Fig 5: Louvered panels make available shading if the overhang is insufficient

## II. DAYTIME ILLUMINATION

In record marketable offices, illumination can informative intended aimed up to 30% of the transported energy procedure. Thru the impression of low-priced electricity, in the 19th century expected day illumination remained progressively overlooked plus most recent offices hinge on primarily on electric illumination. Though designed plus adeptly combined with the electric illumination system, day illumination can bid significant energy savings thru equipoising a portion of the electric illumination load up to 25%. An associated assistance is the drop in chilling capacity plus usage thru dropping a substantial section of interior expansions[6]. In accumulation to energy investments, day illumination usually progresses occupant fulfillment plus ease



Fig 6. Mirrors remained used to capture day time in narrow streets in London earlier World War II

### A. The Technology

Day time illumination is the efficient use of natural light in directive to minimalist the need for non-natural light in houses. Daytime illumination is proficient thru regulate strategies plus enhanced components which plummet mainly into three sets[4]:

- Passage constituents - places castoff to guide or distribute light towards the interior of a house
- Pass-through constituents (e.g. spaces) - these license light to pass from one room or sector of a house to one supplementary
- Regulator elements - in feature design to regulate the mode in which light go in over a pass-through component.

### B. Technical Blockades

The main factors impeding the implementation of day illumination in marketable houses are:

- absence of data
- absence of industrial lobbying
- absence of legislation to encourage its use

### Regulations

Greatest prevailing codes plus morals don't gross illumination and straight a smaller amount day time illumination into explanation. That one is only strength codes in working places (labor instruction) that insist on the need for worth illumination, telling sometime illumination choices.

## III. SIMULATION OF HOUSE USING DAY ILLUMINATION REGULATE

Surveys remain performed thru resources of the software Energy Plus approach of the thermal solver, plus twofold auxiliaries Open Studio plus Google Sketch up. Open Studio is cast-off as an operator boundary plus all descriptions, likewise it differentiates thermal belongings of a few modules. For the superseding period, Google Sketch up remains a portrayal tool cast-off to draw house geometry. Investigation demands an Open Studio model plus the manager starts to develop its own provisions elite that model. The definitive incorporates house particulars, envelope particulars, materials record, load descriptions, agendas, and HVAC establishments. House strictures such as position (latitude, longitude), position are here at the identical foundation. House envelope particulars (partitions spaces, roofs spaces, floor spaces, fenestration spaces etc.) are pinched thru Google sketch up plus house geometry is fashioned. Thermally, this one is enough to custom a single layer frontier among indoor plus outdoor, or indoor places. Later Day time illumination sensors plus regulator was well fortified in the house as shown in Figure .7 plus the weather data was uploaded using open studio plus the results were observed for with plus without incorporating the day illumination sensors

### A. Design Parameters of Considered House

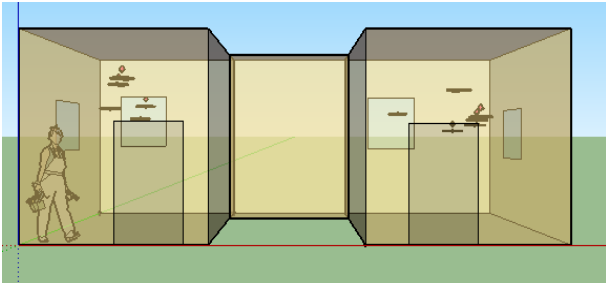


Fig 7 House Equipped with Glazing Sensors to utilize Direct plus Indirect Expansions.

B. Design Parameters of Considered House

Zone Summary	Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Conditioned (Y/N)	Part of Total Floor Area (Y/N)	Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> )	Multiplier	Above Ground Gross Wall Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Underground Gross Wall Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Window Glass Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Lighting (W/ft <sup>2</sup> )	People (ft <sup>2</sup> /person)	Plug and Process (W/ft <sup>2</sup> )
GREEN ROOM	324.53	Yes	Yes	3245.42	1.00	1093.18	0.0	44.45	12.12	81.16	0.59
Total	324.53			3245.42		1093.18	0.0	44.45	12.12	81.16	0.59
Conditioned Total	324.53			3245.42		1093.18	0.0	44.45	12.12	81.16	0.59
Unconditioned Total	0.0			0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Part of Total	0.0			0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Fig 8 Design Parameters of Considered House

C. Day Illumination Regulate provided thru open studio

Select Year by:

Calendar Year 2018

First Day of Year Sunday

Daylight Savings Time:  on

Starts

Define by Day of The Week And Month First Sunday March

Define by Date 01-04-2009

Ends

Define by Day of The Week And Month First Sunday November

Define by Date 01-10-2009

Fig 9 Day Illumination Regulate provided thru open studio

D. Designed Days for Day Illumination Regulate

Design Day Name	Day of Month	Month	Day Type	Daylight Saving Time Indicator
Pulsewidth Am Cg, 4% Correla CD-WRIS	21	5	SummerDesignDay	
Pulsewidth Am Cg, 4% Correla CD-WRIS 1	21	5	SummerDesignDay	
Pulsewidth Am Cg, 4% Correla CD-WRIS 2	21	5	SummerDesignDay	
Pulsewidth Am Cg, 4% Correla CD-WRIS 3	21	5	SummerDesignDay	
Pulsewidth Am Cg, 4% Correla CD-WRIS 4	21	5	SummerDesignDay	
Pulsewidth Am Cg, 4% Correla CD-WRIS 5	21	5	SummerDesignDay	
Pulsewidth Am Cg, 4% Correla CD-WRIS 6	21	5	SummerDesignDay	
Pulsewidth Am Cg, 4% Correla CD-WRIS 7	21	5	SummerDesignDay	
Pulsewidth Am Cg, 4% Correla CD-WRIS 8	21	5	SummerDesignDay	
Pulsewidth Am Cg, 4% Correla CD-WRIS 9	21	5	SummerDesignDay	

Figure 10 Designed Days for Day Illumination Regulate

E. Schedules Provided for Day Illumination Regulate

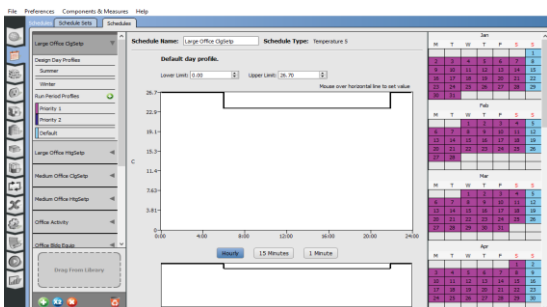
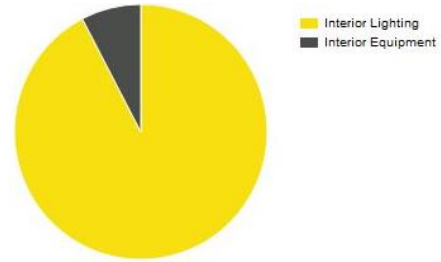


Figure 11 Daytime schedules

IV. SIMULATION RESULTS



Monthly Overview



Interior Lighting Summary

Zone	Lighting Power Density (W/ft <sup>2</sup> )	Total Power (W)	Schedule Name	Scheduled Hours/Week (hr)	Actual Load Hours/Week (hr)	Return Air Fraction	Annual Consumption (kWh)
189-1-2009 - OFFICE - CLOSED OFFICE - CZ1-3 LIGHTS 1	NORMAL 5.9	1916.0	OFFICE BLDG LIGHT	61.85	61.85	0.0000	6180.56
189-1-2009 - OFFICE - CLOSED OFFICE - CZ4-8 LIGHTS 1	NORMAL 5.9	1916.0	OFFICE BLDG LIGHT	61.85	61.85	0.0000	6180.56
189-1-2009 - OFFICE - STAR - CZ1-3 LIGHTS 1	NORMAL 0.31	100.0	OFFICE BLDG LIGHT	61.85	61.85	0.0000	322.22

Monthly Load Profiles - view table

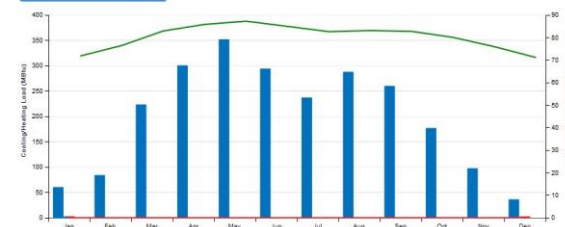


Fig 12 Energy Consumption Without Day Illumination Regulate Plus Glazing Sensors

Interior Lighting Summary

Zone	Lighting Power Density (W/ft <sup>2</sup> )	Total Power (W)	Schedule Name	Scheduled Hours/Week (hr)	Actual Load Hours/Week (hr)	Return Air Fraction	Annual Consumption (kWh)
189-1-2009 - OFFICE - CLOSED OFFICE - CZ1-3 LIGHTS 1	GREEN 5.9	1916.0	OFFICE BLDG LIGHT	61.85	53.3	0.0000	5325.0
189-1-2009 - OFFICE - CLOSED OFFICE - CZ4-8 LIGHTS 1	GREEN 5.9	1916.0	OFFICE BLDG LIGHT	61.85	53.3	0.0000	5325.0
189-1-2009 - OFFICE - STAR - CZ1-3 LIGHTS 1	GREEN 0.31	100.0	OFFICE BLDG LIGHT	61.85	53.3	0.0000	277.78

Fig 13 Energy Consumption With Day Illumination Regulate Plus Glazing Sensors





Site and Source Energy			
	Total Energy (kWh)	Energy Per Total Building Area (kWh/m <sup>2</sup> )	Energy Per Conditioned Building Area (kWh/m <sup>2</sup> )
Total Site Energy	2481935.0	7647.3	7647.3
Net Site Energy	2481935.0	7647.3	7647.3
Total Source Energy	2730623.2	8413.5	8413.5
Net Source Energy	2730623.2	8413.5	8413.5

**Fig 14 Source Energy and site without day illumination regulate plus glaring sensors**

Site and Source Energy			
	Total Energy (kWh)	Energy Per Total Building Area (kWh/m <sup>2</sup> )	Energy Per Conditioned Building Area (kWh/m <sup>2</sup> )
Total Site Energy	2448932.0	7545.6	7545.6
Net Site Energy	2448932.0	7545.6	7545.6
Total Source Energy	2683279.8	8267.7	8267.7
Net Source Energy	2683279.8	8267.7	8267.7

**Fig 15 Source Energy and site with day illumination regulate plus glaring sensors**

## V. CONCLUSION

Here is likewise an inordinate latent to use passive energy knowledge's in houses plus they consume the conceivable to be browbeaten in Inactive solar design. The energy capability of a house shown in the simulation using Open studio plus Energy plus had confirmed in what way the space inside the house is exploited. In directive to exploit energy skill within a house, warmth losses inside the house envelope must be set aside to a smallest. This is achievable via insulation to the roof spaces, partitions spaces, window spaces plus floors spaces. Henceforth all the overhead factors plus well calculated for the house industrialized in sketch up plus Insulation be able to be better-quality thru connection of elements to rise thermal mass plus minimalist warmth loss finished exposed partitions. Temporarily scheduled the added hand passable ventilation deprived of draughts is vital to dodge concentration difficulties. So the glazing sensors remained fortified in the house to draw extreme daylight plus day time illumination regulate was likewise espoused thru using open studio. The results proved that maximum utilization of electricity will be reduced thru adopting day time illumination regulation

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