# Energy Saving Light Monitoring and Control Architecture using Arduino

P. Rathnavel, T.Baldwin Immanuel, P. Rayavel

Abstract: In this paper, we recommend an energy effective radio frequency based strengthening light checking and controller system that is it tends to invigorating and handle empowering lights all the more effectively when compared with the traditional systems. The planned system utilizes the radio frequency based remote gadgets which permit increasingly productive lights organization. The planned system utilizes sensors to control the ideal system parameters. To acknowledge adequacy of the planned system, where the trial results demonstrated that the proposed system spares around 69.18% energy for the empowering expressway condition in view of utilizing sensors, LED lights, and Radio Frequency based correspondence organize. To execute GPRS control arrangement of lights. In the plan of the smart lighting system by considering the congruity cost as the principle factor close to the energy sparing. In creator endeavors to be decreased sensors on each lighting hubs, yet this decrease will result in less exactness of the system. Besides, the planned the energy effective lighting controls system by using the GPRS as backbone innovation separately, to speak with the control focus. One of the downsides of using GPRS is the usage of authorized range, which will result in obstruction with the current GPRS clients. It pursues that; the lighting system will be productive obstruction. The previously mentioned systems likewise have no capacity to change the light force as per the clients necessity and the client's essence while diminishing or killing the lights. We design the energy efficient Radio Frequency transreceiver based invigorating light monitoring and control system. In addition to all these things, an additional LED is given as backup light, which will be used during main LED light failure or when the operating temperature of main LED exceeds the optimum range.

Keywords: WSN (Wireless sensor Network), MSD (Mass Storage Device), HID (Human Interface Device), LDR (Light Depended Resistor)

## I. INTRODUCTION

Energy efficiency is one of the essential variables for planning compliant or invigorating lighting systems. The parkway lights devour practically half of the whole urban power utilization. The proficiently deal with the lighting is conclusively desirable. Moreover, due to its plan on the existing lighting and inefficient gadgets, the all lighting systems were not reasonable and the outcome in power losses.

Besides these all inclusive systems experience the same problem everywhere and effective communication, observe, industrialization and blame diagnostics issues.

Numerous innovations have been further to spare energy, for sample, the satisfaction of the lighting producing diode (LED) slightly than high iridescent light. In any case, the plan dependent on these advances needs further steady estimation of the energy efficiency. Likewise lessen the energy utilizations and to disentangle the structure, control systems have been proposed to tackle that issue, for example, control detecting approach, light dimension regulate and correspondence.

These power drops are created by commotion and decrease and can last from a couple of minutes. Because of bearer flag reduction, there might be high dormancy or correspondence disappointment in PLC based structure. In actuality, situating correspondence structure dependent on remote sensor systems (WSN), as low power Adriano and radio frequency, dispenses with wiring costs and spare loads of energy.

The apparatus remote control arrangement of lights, a few practically identical designs have been connected for fortifying lighting. In the structure of the scholarly illumination system by remembering the system cost as the principle factor alongside the energy sparing. In this manner the proposed system attempts to decrease the quantity of sensors on each lighthub, yet this decrease will lessen in precision. Besides, the proposed system is planned the energy proficient light control system by using GPRS as a backbone innovations. One of the disadvantages of devouring GPRS is the usage of qualified band, which will result in impedance with current system in GPRS clients.

A structure, an energy effective radio frequency transreceiver based invigorating light checking and control system. The proposed system likewise executed the standard work controlling calculation which results in better system execution when contrasted with the ordinary systems. The proposed system likewise satisfies the client fulfillment by utilizing inhabitance and lighting sensors. Consequently, the plan of this system excitedly control the energy dimension of animating clients while ensuring their pridefined least dimension.

#### Revised Manuscript Received on May 22, 2019.

P. Rathnavel, Department of EEE, Sri Sairam Institute of Technology, Chennai, Tamilnadu.

**T.Baldwin Immanuel,** Department of EEE, AMET deemed to be University, Chennai, Tamilnadu

P. Rayavel, Department of CSE, Sri Sairam Institute of Technology, Chennai, Tamilnadu



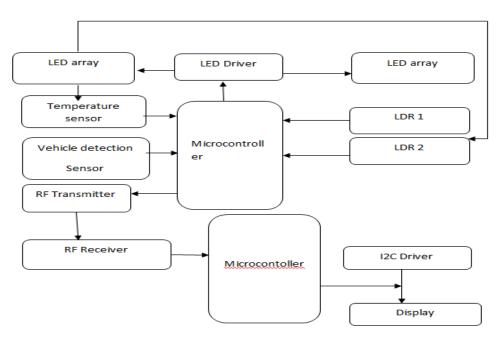


Fig. 1 Block diagram of energy efficient lighting system

## II. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

## RF transmitter

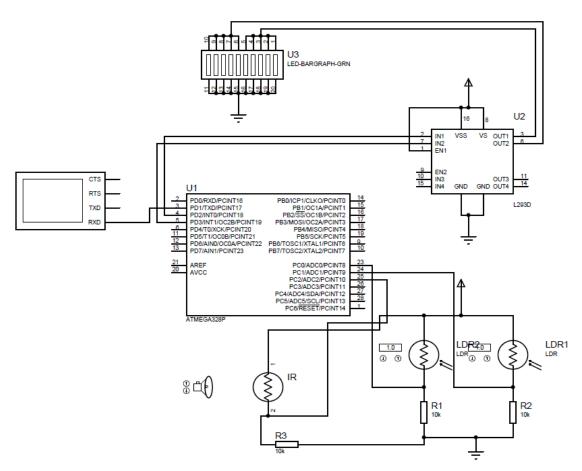


Fig. 2 Circuit diagram of radio frequency transmitter



#### **RF Receivers**

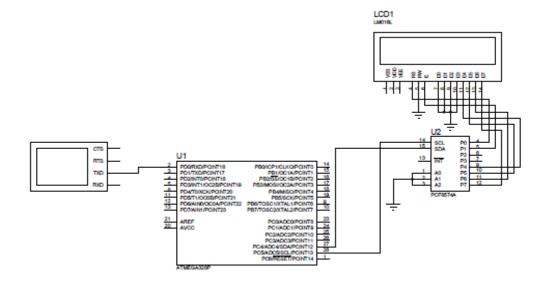


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram of RF receiver

## III. CIRCUIT SIMULATION

Proteus software package was used for the design of electronic circuits, computer-aided design and simulation. Two major parts of the package are ISIS the circuit scheme atmosphere even the simulator VSM contains and the ARES the PCB Exclusive.

## Virtual System Modelling (VSM)

The VSM, Virtual System Modeling provides a simulation using graphical SPICE circuit and animated directly in our ISIS environment. The SPICE simulator is based on the Berkeley SPICE3F5 model. It is microprocessor based systems simulator with the VSM-Engine can relate during the simulation directly to the circuit. Changes of buttons, switches or potentiometers are queried in real time as well as indicators LED, LCD display.

#### **Proteus VSM for microcontrollers**

- PIC12 / PIC16 / PIC18
- BASIC Stamp
- ATMEL AVR
- PIC24 / PIC33
- HC11
- 8051/8052
- 8086
- MSP430

The microcontrollers are in the periphery and in the Code fully maintained (interrupt, ADC, I2C, USB, comparators, etc.). It embraces a debugging environment for the program code of the microcontroller. To simulate the HEX and .COF file of the compiled software are necessary.

## **Proteus VSM Advanced Simulation**

- Generating frequency responses
- Analog and digital transient analysis
- Analysis of the analog behavior of digital sources
- Analysis of the noise behavior
- Generation of custom waveforms using the Easy HDL Scripting Language
- Display in magnitude and phase in dB or linear

- Audio analysis of waveforms in exportable WAV
- Meter reading supported by graphics cursor

## **Proteus VSM USB Simulation**

- Debugging USB applications with USB scheme
- Mass Storage Device scheme (MSD)
- Human Interface Device scheme (HID)
- USB Transaction Analyzer
- Illustration of USB Packages

## **Software Part**

Arduino table projects might be utilization of composed programming language modifying and compiler that produces the machine code. Atmel gives an advancement control for their microcontrollers, AVR studio and the newer Atmel studio.

Those Arduino integrated development environment (IDE) will make and gave in the Arduino task. It may be a cross stage requisition Furthermore it may be composed clinched alongside java modifying dialect. It originated from the IDE for the dialects transforming What's more Wiring. It may be planned will present modifying with specialists Also other newcomers new to product advancement. It incorporates a code editorial manager with offers for example, such that support matching, grammar highlighting Also programmed indentation, Also gives basic click instrument with gather and load projects will a Arduino table.

A project composed with the IDE for Arduino is called an "sketch". The dialects c Furthermore C++ will a chance to be underpinned via Arduino IDE utilizing uncommon decides on sort out code. The Arduino IDE supplies An programming library known as Wiring starting with the Wiring project, which gives a number normal enter What's more yield methods.



An ordinary Arduino C/C++ sketch comprise from claiming two capacities that would aggregated Furthermore joined for a project stub main() under an executable cyclic official system.

Following gathering and linking for the GNU toolchain, also included for the IDE distribution, the Arduino IDE utilizes the system avrdude will change over the executable code under An content document Previously, hexadecanoic corrosive coding that is stacked under the Arduino board by

An loader project in the board's firmware. Utilizing arduino we might project those guidelines utilizing c What's more change over them under machine dialect that camwood be see all the by the microcontroller.

Control LED Furthermore coordinated LED on Arduino Compatible BoardPower LED (red) and LED on Line 13 (green) on Arduino perfect board, LED and a load resistor connected middle of pin 13 and gnd which is apprortunepiece for many tests.

#### IV. SIMULATION OUTPUT

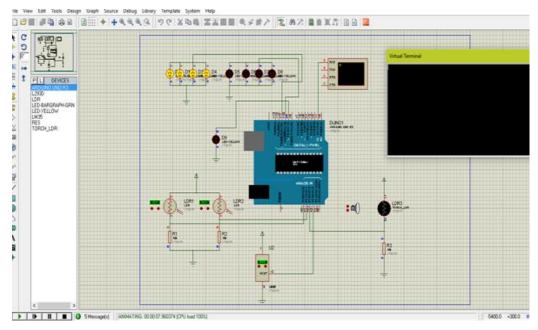


Fig. 4 When the ambient light level decreases the led will turn on immediately using LDR sensor

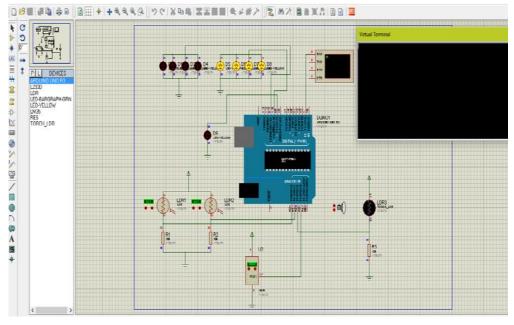


Fig. 5 When the LED optimum temperature is exceeded then another set of LED will glow while the default one turns off



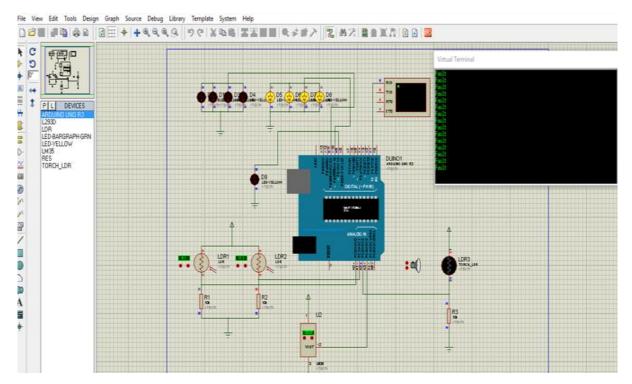


Fig. 6 When the first set of LED fails then the lighting will be switched to another set of LED so that no interruption in lighting the parkway

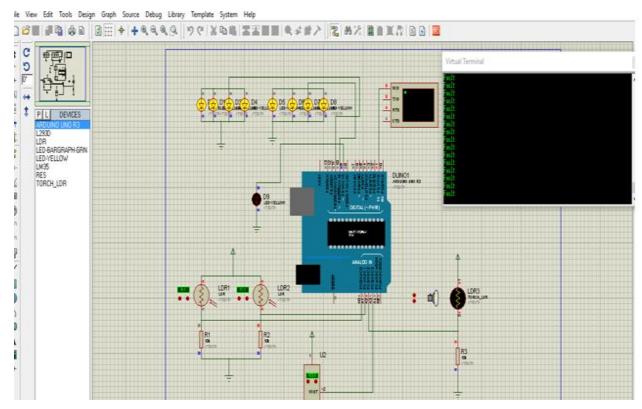


Fig. 7 When the vehicle approaches the light it will glow with max brightness



# V. PROTOTYPE MODEL AND OUTPUT

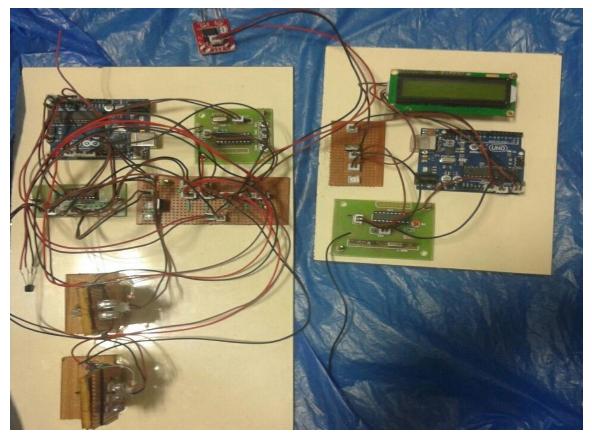
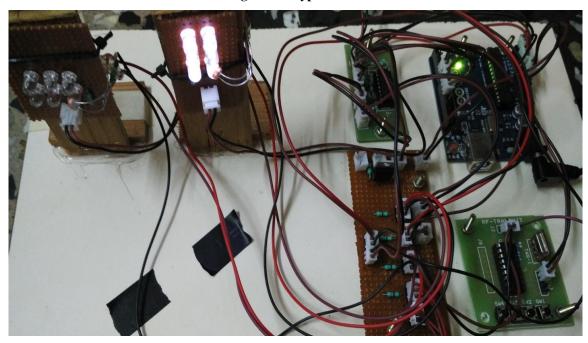


Fig. 8 Prototype model



 $Fig.\ 9\ When\ the\ ambient\ light\ level\ decreases\ the\ led\ will\ turn\ on\ immediately\ using\ ldr\ sensor$ 

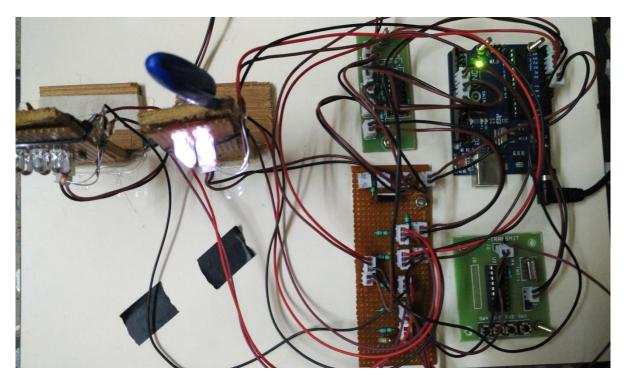


Fig.10 When the vehicle approaches the light it will glow with max brightness

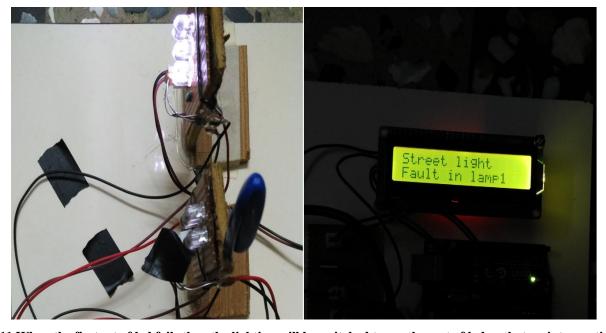


Fig. 11 When the first set of led fails then the lighting will be switched to another set of led so that no interruption in lighting the parkway and error is sent to the control room.

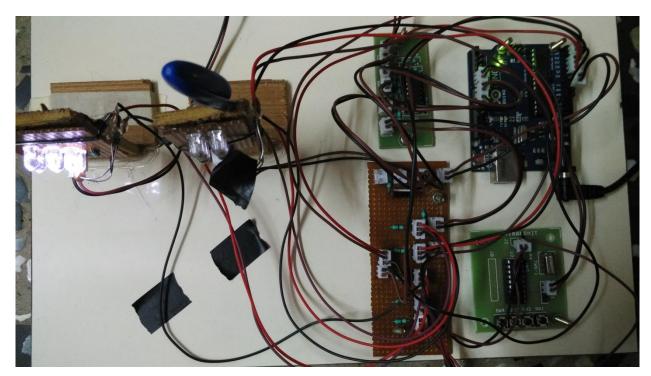


Fig. 12 When the led optimum temperature is exceeded then another set of led will glow while the default one turns off

## VI. CONCLUSION

The consolidated and shrewdly checking of invigorating lights is the ease and cost efficient system for valuable energy saving. In this paper, sensor based organism is suggested, which will regulate the concentration of the LED lights smartly permitting to the daylight situations. Also planned can slightly screen the lights position. The shortcomings in the lights can be effectively distinguished remotely and it very well may be recouped with in brief period, which will be spare exertion charge nonstop observing the structure. It will adjust the fluctuating situations in an all the more actively. Likewise the suggested system is appropriate a fortifying light in borough and rustic territories with insignificant adjustments wherever the road traffic will be low or great amid various while interims. The structured structure is adaptable, extendable and completely versatile to the customer requirements.

# REFERENCES

- M. Wada, T. Yendo, T. Fujii, and M. Tanimoto, "Performance enhancement of outdoor visible-light communication systemusing selective combining receiver," IET Optoelectronics, vol. 3,no. 1, pp. 30–39, 2009
- P.Rathnavel, S.Surendernath and S.Saravanan, "An Interleaved High-Power Flyback Inverter for Standalone Application Using MPPT Algorithm" Journal of Advanced Research in Dynamical & Control Systems, 11-Special Issue, November 2017.
- 3. J. Chiu and S. J. Cheng, "LED backlight driving systemfor large-scale LCD panels," IEEE Transactions on IndustrialElectronics, vol. 54, no. 5, pp. 2751–2760, 2007.
- T.Baldwin Immanuel, A.Suresh, M.R.Reshma, "Resonant Inverter for Photo Voltaic Applications," in International Journal of pure and Applied Mathematics, vol.119, no.7, pp.393-405, 2018.
- Y. T. Huang, H. C. Hsiao, Y. H. Liu, C. R. Lee, and L. L. Lee, "Anovel constant-power control for metal-halide lamp electronic ballasts with dimming capability," IEEE Transactions on PlasmaScience, vol. 38, no. 6, pp. 1482–1488, 2010.I.
- Boonyaroonate and S. Mori, "Analysis and design of classE isolated dc/dc converter using class E low dv/dt PWMsynchronous rectifer,"

- IEEE Transactions on Power Electronics,vol. 16, no. 4, pp. 514–521, 2001.
- T.Baldwin Immanuel, P.Muthukumar, C.Gnanavel, M.Rajavelan, M.Marimuthu, "Transformerless single phase Inverter for Grid connected PV systems with an optimized control," International Journal of Engineering and Technology, Vol.7, pp. 217-220, 2018.
- M.Sujatha, A.K.Parvathy, "Improved reliable multilevel inverter for renewable energy systems," Indonesian Journal of Electrical Engineering and computer science, Vol.14, pp.1141-1147, 2019.

