Techniques for Outfit Composition for Fashion Trend Analysis

Palash tiwari, Ramchand Hablani

Abstract: Outfit composition is a trending area in fashion industry these days due to the fact that the system can provide intelligent suggestions on which kind of clothing to wear, and analyse trends based on the user's interests. In this paper, we analyse various methods which are used for outfit composition detection and provide a significant review about these methods in order to help researchers to aggregatively study and analyse the trends followed by these methods for prediction of the outfit composition. Standard datasets are also described in this text, which will be helpful in many fields like analysis of outfits, colour-based predictions, and others. We conclude this text with some interesting observations in the field and suggest some further enhancements as well based on our study.

Index Terms: Composition, Outfit, prediction, trend analysis.

I. INTRODUCTION

Design style educates a ton regarding the subject's advantages and identity. With the impact of style magazines and design businesses going web based, apparel designs are drawing in increasingly more consideration. As indicated by an ongoing report by Trendex North America1, the offers of lady's attire in United States is $111 Billion out of 2011 and continues developing, speaking to an enormous market for article of clothing organizations, architects, and web-based business elements. Unique in relation to all around contemplated fields including object acknowledgment [1], style sense is a considerably more inconspicuous and complex subject, which requires area skill in outfit structure. Here an "outfit" alludes to a lot of garments worn together, regularly for certain ideal styles. To locate a decent outfit arrangement, we need pursue the suitable dressing codes as well as be innovative in adjusting the difference in hues and styles. Ordinarily individuals don't match an extravagant dress with an easy-going knapsack, be that as it may, when the shoes were in the outfit, it finishes the appearance of a pleasant and in vogue outfit. Despite the fact that there have been various research thinks about [2] [3] [4] on garments recovery and suggestion, none of them considers the issue of style outfit arrangement. This is halfway because of the troubles of displaying outfit piece: On one hand, a design idea is regularly unpretentious and abstract, and it is nontrivial to get accord from common labellers on the off chance that they are not mold specialists. Then again, there might be a substantial number of traits for portraying style, for which it is extremely hard to get thorough names for preparing. Thus, the majority of the current examinations are restricted to the straightforward situation of recovering comparable garments, or picking singular garments for a given occasion. Style assumes an inextricable critical job in our general public because of its ability for showing identity and forming society. As of late, the rising requests of web based looking for design items persuade systems that can prescribe style things viably in two structures (1) proposing a thing that fits well with a current set and (2) creating an outfit (an accumulation of style things) given content/picture contributions from clients. In any case, these stay testing issues as they require displaying and gathering the similarity connections among various design classifications that go past basically registering visual likenesses. Broad investigations have been directed on programmed design examination in the mixed media network. Be that as it may, the vast majority of them center around garments parsing [9, 26], apparel acknowledgment [12], or dress recovery [10]. In spite of the fact that, there are a couple of works that researched style suggestion [6, 8, 10], they either neglect to consider the creation of things to shape an outfit [10] or just help one of the two proposal classifications talked about above [6, 8]. What's more, it is attractive that proposals can take multimodal contributions from clients. For instance, a client can give watchwords like "business", or a picture of a business shirt, or a blend of pictures and content, to produce an accumulation of design things for a business event. Be that as it may, no earlier methodology bolsters multimodal contributions for suggestion. Key to design proposal is demonstrating the similarity of style things. We fight that a good outfit (as appeared in Figure 3) ought to have two key properties: (1) things in the outfit ought to be outwardly perfect and offer comparable style; (2) these things should frame a total group without excess (e.g., an outfit with just a shirt and a couple of pants yet no shoes isn't perfect, nor is an outfit containing two sets of shoes). One conceivable arrangement is to use semantic properties [10], for instance, "sweat pants" coordinates well with "running shoes". In any case, commenting on these properties is expensive and cumbersome at scale. To alleviate this issue, analysts have proposed to gain proficiency with the separation between a couple of design things utilizing metric learning.

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[15] or a Siamese system [24]. Be that as it may, these works gauge pairwise similarity connections as opposed to an outfit all in all. One could quantify the similarity of an outfit with some casting a ballot technique utilizing all sets in the set, however this would acquire high computational cost when the set is extensive and would neglect to fuse intelligibility among all things in the gathering. Then again, some ongoing works [8, 21] endeavoured to anticipate the ubiquity or "fashion ability" of an outfit, yet they neglect to deal with the outfit age assignment. Interestingly, we are keen on demonstrating similarity connections of style things utilizing their conditions inserted in the whole outfit. Profound learning is a subset of AI in Artificial Intelligence (AI) that has systems which are fit for taking in unsupervised from information that is unstructured or unlabeled. For the most part called huge neural learning or significant neural structure. Not actually equivalent to all around considered fields including object certification, shape sense is astonishingly increasingly fair and present-day subject, which requires zone limit in outfit creation. Here an outfit proposes an arrangement of pieces of attire worn together, commonly for certain pined for styles. To discover a not all that terrible outfit gameplan, we require taking after the most ideal dressing codes and likewise being innovative in changing the qualification in shades and styles. Reliably individuals don’t join some assistance dress with a pleasant backpack; regardless, when the shoes were in the outfit, it finishes the vibe of an exquisite and in vogue outfit. Notwithstanding the route that there have been diverse explores on pieces of attire recovery and proposition, none of them considers the issue of shape gets ready course of action. This is somewhat because of the challenges of demonstrating outfit mix: On one hand, a structure thought is routinely unassuming and emotional, and it is basic to get an understanding from standard labellers in the event that they are not diagram specialists. Obviously, there may be a significant number of characteristics for portraying diagram, for which it is astoundingly hard to increase thorough engravings for preparing. Thusly, most by a long shot of the present examinations are constrained to the immediate situation of recovering for all intents and purposes indistinguishable bits of attire, or picking specific vestments for ensured occasion. They proposed an information driven way to deal with deal with set up a model that would thus be able to make appropriate kind of plan. Ensembles are exceptional kinds of garments utilized by outfit architects to help a specific character, his states of mind and changes or to give the beneficiary insights on where the motion picture is set in topographical or chronicled terms. This correspondence, in light of garments, is called vestimentary correspondence (from the Latin expression "vestimentum" which means garments) and is utilized by the outfit originators to impart certain generalizations, character qualities, callings, or a particular age of a specific character. Since the vestimentary correspondence is a nonverbal correspondence, essentially experienced unknowingly by the beneficiaries, and deciphered dependent on their social and financial foundation, it is somewhat perplexing to pick up understanding in how this correspondence function. Be that as it may, there are a few decides that enable us to recognize a scalawag and a legend in an exemplary western motion picture. Regardless of whether we translate characters as miscreants, since they don dark and grimy looking outfit components, or as saints (frequently spoke to as sheri’s) in light of the fact that they wear rather clean ensembles including a sheri’s star, is one of the inquiries we need to reply. An outfit architect has the testing employment to make a fitting ensemble for a particular character, which depends vigorously on the fashioner’s understanding. Deliberately catching of bits of knowledge in which plan traditions have built up in movies into examples would firmly bolster the innovative procedure of finding sufficient material articulations for explicit structure issues close by (Schumm et al, 2012). This is on the grounds that examples and example dialects, which started by Alexander et al (1977) in the area of design, plan to catch learning accumulated for a fact so as to give demonstrated answers for as often as possible reoccurring issues. As per Barzen and Leymann (2015) just as Fehling et al (2015), examples can be identified by breaking down existing, archived solid arrangements and abstracting the pith of distinguished shared traits into organized example reports. For exploring the vestimentary correspondence in movies, solid arrangements compare to solid outfits worn in movies. To give machine-intelligible information about outfits, we constructed the MUSE-Repository as a database that catches ensembles and their important traits (Barzen et al, 2015). This alleged Costume Repository contains (I) general data about the caught motion pictures, e.g., title, year of distribution, maker, and ensemble creator, just as (ii) explicit data as far as the included jobs, for example, sexual orientation, calling, age, fundamental identity, and generalization characteristics. Further, every job is connected to a lot of solid outfits worn amid the film. Each outfit comprises of a lot of base components, e.g., pants, shirts, and shoes, and natives, e.g., sleeves, neckline, and cuffs. Base components and natives are depicted by methods for explicit unmitigated properties, which are sorted out into scientific categorizations. The next section describes various techniques for outfit composition, followed by the analysis of these techniques and finally concluding with some observations about these methods and some ways to further improve the research in this area.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Outfit arrangement has been an ongoing investigation of research, numerous scientists have proposed different procedures for doing likewise. In [2], they proposed the charm storage space system which therefore endorses the most fitting dress by considering the wearing authentically and wearing beautifully guidelines. Limited by the present execution of human pointer, some clothing in the customer's attire photo gathering may be deceived.
In [3], they introduced another learning structure that can recuperate an adapted space for apparel things from simultaneity Information just as class marks. The calculation utilized in this paper was old and not possible when contrasted with our methodology. An attire parsing strategy dependent on design picture recovery [4]. In which framework consolidates worldwide parse models, closest neighbour parse models, and exchanged parse expectations. This paper did not consider the blended style custom like our own does. Here the issue is of cross-situation garments recovery given that a day by day human photograph caught all in all condition it [5] just considered the outfit which individuals are wearing for example slanting outfit. In [6], they address the issue of cross-region picture recuperation, thinking about the going with sensible application: given a customer photo depicting a dress picture, goal of paper is to recoup the equivalent or attribute practically identical attire things from electronic shopping stores. To address this issue, they proposed a Dual Attribute-careful Ranking Network (DARN) for recuperation incorporate learning. Even more especially, DARN contains two sub frameworks, one for each space, whose recuperation feature depictions are driven by semantic tactic learning. In [7], they show a practical system, charm closet, for customized occasion arranged dress coordinating. Given a customer input occasion, e.g., wedding or shopping, the charm storage space adroitly and normally consolidates the customer decided reference articles of clothing (stomach region or lower-body) with the most suitable one from online shops. Constrained by the present execution of human discoverer, some clothing in the customer’s dress photo gathering may be misdirected. In [8] it portrays the arrangement of this benchmark dataset and the advances being referred to affirmations that have been possible along these lines. We talk about the troubles of social occasion gigantic scale ground truth remark, include enter jumps forward in obvious challenge affirmation, give a low-down examination of the current situation with the field of tremendous scale picture arrangement and dissent disclosure, and investigations the stand out PC vision precision with human exactness. We wrap up with exercises learned in the five years of the test, likewise, propose future headings and improvements. In [12] they separate and make express the model properties required for such regularities to create in word vectors. The result is another overall log-bilinear backslide exhibits that solidifies the advantages of the two important model families in the composition: overall system factorization and neighbourhood setting window strategies. Our model capably impacts quantifiable information through getting ready only for the non-zero parts in a word-word co-event organize, rather than all in all pitiful system or on particular setting windows in a broad corpus. The model delivers a vector space with essential substructure, as affirm by its execution of 75% on a present word likeness task. It is like manner beats related models on comparability endeavors and named component affirmation.

SiameNet [24], SiameNet utilizes a Siamese CNN to expand two attire things into a torpid space to assess their likeness. To differentiation and SiameNet, we train a framework with a comparative structure by considering style things in unclear outfit from positive great joins and things from two one of a kind outfits as negative set. The comparability of an outfit is gotten by averaging pairwise likeness, as cosine separate in the aced embeddings, of all sets in the social affair. For sensible connections, the embeddings measure is similarly set to 512. We in like manner institutionalize the embeddings with ε2 standard before figuring the Siamese mishap, and set the edge parameter to 0.8. SetRNN [8]. Given a gathering of configuration pictures, SetRNN predicts the style set commonness using an RNN show. We use the notoriety desire for SetRNN as the set comparability score. Visual-semantic Embedding (VSE). We simply got comfortable with a VSE by constraining Ee in Eqn. 5 without setting up any LSTM illustrate. The consequent embeddings are used to check the similitude of an outfit, as SiameseNet. BiLSTM. Only a bidirectional LSTM is set up without solidifying any semantic information. F-LSTM+VSE. Commonly setting up the forward LSTM with visual semantic introducing, i.e., restricting Ef + Ee. BLSTM+VSE. Moreover, only a retrogressive LSTM is set up with visual-semantic embedding, for instance constraining Eb + Ee. Bi-LSTM+VSE. Our full model by together learning the bidirectional LSTM and the visual semantic embeddings. The underlying two approaches are continuous works in this line of research and the remainder of the systems are used for expulsion concentrates to separate the dedication of each part in our proposed structure. The hyper-parameters in these methods are picked using the endorsement set.

Models are generally used to get data and experience about showed answers for rehashing issues (Reiners, 2013). Previously, precedents and model vernaculars have been used in various different investigate territories (Alexander et al., 1977; Hohpe and Woolf, 2003). Recorded as a hard copy, discovering structures is delineated as a generative system and is insinuated as model mining (Dearden and Finlay, 2006; Appleton, 1997), which is a portrayal for discovering structures from existing plans (Dearden and Finlay, 2006). Reiners et al. propose different configuration mining methodologies (Reiners, 2013; Reiners et al, 2015). A model mining process in their perspective is a manual assessment of existing courses of action with territory pros, e.g., in workshops, and depends strongly on the authorities’ understanding. Despite workshops, a system-based stage with online trades, commenting, rating, and throwing a ticket is used to share learning and to review existing courses of action. Fehling et al (2015) propose a precedent investigate strategy where structure contenders will be recognized from strong courses of action, which are then associated with the distracted models (Falkenthal et al, 2014 a, b). In another investigation, Fehling et al (2014) dispersed a general model ID, creating, and application process, which is appropriate for a couple of research territories. The cycle-based technique includes three phases: (i) plan recognizing confirmation, (ii) structure forming, and (iii) plan application. Each stage is isolated into an alternate cycle that includes different sub-works out. Our work applies to the stage plan conspicuous evidence.
which is the sorting out, gathering, and examination of information in a space in which structures will be identified. Following this system, we develop a Costume Repository that contains a generous number of detailed strong courses of action. Also, this chronicle gives a machine-accessible interface that can be used for analysing the contained data. We give bits of knowledge with respect to these systems in Section 3. Fayyad et al (1996) present the technique of Knowledge Discovery in Databases (KDD). KDD suggests the general system of finding supportive data from data. This methodology joins the thoughts of data mining and proposes a broad method to manage perceivable potential rationalities in data. Our strategy bases on the KDD technique in order to separate existing filed answers for potential model markers in the region of troupes in motion pictures. Data mining can be used to "find concealed, effectively and usable information from a ton of data" (ISO, 2006). Data mining frameworks are used to aggregate gaining from a major educational list for a predominant seeing when in doubt with no longing on the outcome (ISO, 2006). The Apriori count, as proposed by Agrawal and Srikant (1994), is one without a doubt comprehended figuring in the zone of data mining. It is used for discovering association oversees between things in a database of offers trades (Agrawal and Srikant, 1994). As a prominent model, consider the market carton examination, helping retailers to find, which of their ordered things are ordinarily sold in mix with various things. The ensuing connection rules can be used, for example, to update the store position or to modify the advancing procedure of the retailer. Characteristics offer a trademark depiction for dress, since they can portray vital models (checked, paisley), shades (rose, greenshine blue), fit (free), and cut (V-neck, gushing) [4, 2, 8, 43, 6, 23, 33]. Subject models on characteristics are definite of styles [20, 40, 17]. Inspired by [17], we use point models. In any case, however [17] searches for a style-keen picture embedding, we use related guide models toward score novel blends of vestments for their comparability. Space modification [6, 19] and play out numerous assignments instructive projects learning [9] are noteworthy to vanquish the opening among street and shop photos. We devise a direct instructive module adapting approach to manage train characteristics effectively in our setting. Nothing except if there are different alternatives strategies explore visual closeness or holder wardrobes. To the point of being undefined assignments, plan also demands answering: How might we address style? What makes an outfit prominent? The style of an outfit is usually learned in an overseen way. Using style-checked data like HipsterWars [22] or DeepFashion [33], classifiers dependent on body key points [22], slight meta-data [38], or pertinent embeddings [27] show ensure. Fashionability implies unequivocally to a style's omnipresence. It can moreover be picked up from regulated data, e.g., online data for customer "likes" [29, 37]. Unsupervised style revelation techniques rather mine unlabelled photos to recognize normal subjects in people's outfits, with topic models [17], non-contrary system factorization [1], or batching [34]. We moreover impact unlabelled pictures to discover "what people wear"; in any case, we will probably actuate visual comparability for unnoticeable pieces of attire, rather than example examination [1, 34] or picture recuperation [17] on a fixed corpus. Critical prior work explores ways to deal with associate pictures containing the equal or in a general sense equivalent to vestment [11, 32, 42, 21, 30]. On the other hand, comparability requires settling on a choice about how all around encouraged or correlative a given plan of bits of dress is. Closeness can be acted like an estimation learning issue [41, 35, 16], addressable with Siamese embeddings [41] or interface figure [35]. Content data can help similitude [29, 39, 14]. As an alternative rather than metric learning, a tedious neural framework models outfit association as a back to back strategy that incorporates one piece of attire at some random minute, irrefutably learning closeness by methods for the change work [14]. Likeness has applications in proposal [31, 18], anyway prior work endorses a piece of attire at some random minute, as opposed to building up a storage room. To the extent anybody is concerned, all prior work requires checked data to learn similitude, paying little respect to whether from human annotators curating matches [14, 18], co purchase data [41, 35, 16], or irrefutable gathering names [29]. Strangely, we propose an unsupervised approach, which has the upsides of versatility, security, and continually refreshing models as configuration creates, and moreover keeps up a vital separation from cumbersomely making "negative" getting ready sets (see Sec. 3). Most importantly, our work is the first to develop a count for delivering holder wardrobes. Cases require going past pairwise comparability to address k-way collaborations and adaptability, and they present a testing combinatorial issue. We present compartment storeroom age as a subset decision issue. Probabilistic determinantal point shapes (DPP) can recognize the subset of things that enhance particular thing "quality" while in like manner growing hard and fast "conventional assortment" of the set [25], and have been associated for record and video layout [25, 12]. Then again, submodular work intensification manhandles "unavoidable misfortunes" to pick a perfect subset subject to a budgetary arrangement [36]. For submodular objectives, a profitable voracious assurance worldview is close perfect [36], e.g., as abused for sensor circumstance [13] and scene disclosure [28]. We advise the most ideal approach to change such responses for permit exact and capable assurance for case storerooms; plus, we develop an iterative EM-like estimation to engage non-submodular focuses for mix and-match outfits. Style region is a basic and remunerating use of PC vision [5], [6]. The greater part of research in this space revolve around configuration picture recuperation [7], [8], [9], and style picture trademark learning [4], [10], [11], [12]. There are moreover considers on surveying the closeness between style things [3], [2]. Specifically, Veit et al. proposed to take in clothing matches from the Amazon co-purchase dataset [3], and Iwata et al. proposed a subject model to recommend "Tops" for "Bottoms" [2]. Differentiating and the past wears down plan picture recuperation or pieces of clothing style showing, the target of this work is to shape configuration outfit normally, which has its own troubles in exhibiting various pieces of the structure outfits, for instance, comparability and feel. The systems made in this paper have a spot with the order of set portrayal. As opposed to our work, which bases on style.
related sets, by far most of the present work was employments of face affirmation from video plot groupings and multi-see object affirmation. Starting late, Huang et al. proposed a parametric complex division subject to deviation map, and used estimation making sense of how to get acquainted with an issue adaptable complex estimation to perform kNN request [13]. Lu et al. proposed a novel disaster ability to get ready Convolutional Neural Networks for the image set request issue [14]. Li et al. joined word reference learning and metric making sense of how to recommend online picture sheets [15]. The key differences of this work from past picture set course of action are the going with: 1) We are the first to consider configuration outfits. The goal of the structure outfit exhibiting is to unwind the style factor concealed among the style things, while the past works [13], [14] revolves around the circumstances where the photos share a comparative thing class. 2) Along with the photos, we facilitate the meta-data of the style things to furthermore improve the structure outfit showing, for which we propose to commonly learn system embedding and merge modalities. Our work is to some degree impelled by the past work in blended media understanding [16], [17], [18], [19], [20], [21], [22]. Most of these works suggest using visual examination with various modalities, for instance, substance and sound information. What’s more, the progressing headway of significant neural frameworks in visual affirmation [23], [24], [25] and standard language dealing with [26], [27], [28] has exhibited that the affirmation execution in the two fields have been essentially improved. Persuaded by these advances, this work endeavours to affirm that we can achieve better results by joining the-top tier strategies in the two fields.

III. RESULT ANALYSIS AND CONCLUSION

Outfit organization has been an ongoing investigation of research, numerous specialists have proposed different methods for doing likewise. Restricted by the present execution of human discoverer, some clothing in the customer’s dress photo accumulation may be deluded. In [8] it delineates the arrangement of this benchmark dataset and the advances being referred to affirmations that have been possible along these lines. We talk about the troubles of social event enormous scale ground truth remark, include enter jumps forward in obvious dissent affirmation, give a low-down examination of the current situation with the field of colossal scale picture grouping and challenge revelation, and investigations the stand out PC vision precision with human accuracy. We wrap up with exercises learned in the five years of the test, additionally, propose future headings and upgrades. In [12] they separate and make express the model properties required for such regularities to create in word vectors. The model creates a vector space with essential substructure, as affirm by its execution of 75% on a present word likeness task. It is like manner beats related models on likeness endeavours and named component affirmation. SiameseNet uses a Siamese CNN to extend two apparel things into a dormant space to gauge their similarity. For reasonable correlations, the installing size is additionally set to 512. We additionally standardize the implanting with a,”2 standard before computing the Siamese misfortune, and set the edge parameter to 0. Our full model by mutually learning the bidirectional LSTM and the visual-semantic implanting. The hyper-parameters in these techniques are picked utilizing the approval set, propose diverse example mining techniques (Reiners, 2013; Reiners et al, 2015). An example mining process in their point of view is a manual evaluation of existing arrangements with area specialists, in workshops, and depends intensely on the specialist’s experience. Notwithstanding workshops, a network-based stage with online exchanges, remarking, rating, and casting a ballot is utilized to share information and to evaluate existing arrangements. In another exploration, Fehling et al (2014) distributed a general example distinguishing proof, writing, and application process, which is material for a few research spaces. Each stage is separated into a different cycle that comprises of numerous sub-exercises. Following this strategy, we expand upon a Costume Repository that contains a substantial number of reported solid arrangements. Also, this store gives a machine-available interface that can be utilized for breaking down the contained information. The Apriori calculation, as proposed by Agrawal and Srikant (1994), is one surely understood calculation in the zone of information mining. It is utilized for finding affiliation administrs between things in a database of offers exchanges (Agrawal and Srikant, 1994). As a conspicuous precedent, consider the market bushel examination, helping retailers to discover, which of their order items are ordinarily sold in blend with different items. The subsequent affiliation principles can be utilized, for instance, to enhance the store design or to adjust the publicizing methodology of the retailer. Characteristics offer a characteristic portrayal for dress, since they can depict pertinent examples (checked, paisley), hues (rose, greenish blue), fit (free), and cut (V-neck, streaming) Domain adjustment [6, 19] and perform multiple tasks educational modules learning [9] are profitable to beat the hole among road and shop photographs. We devise a straightforward educational program learning way to deal with train traits viably in our setting. Nothing unless there are other options techniques investigate visual similarity or case closets. To the point of being indistinguishable assignments, design likewise requests replying: How would we speak to style. Utilizing style marked information like HipsterWars [22] or DeepFashion [33], classifiers based on body key points [22], powerless meta-information [38], or relevant embeddings [27] show guarantee. Cases require going past pairwise similarity to speak to k-way collaborations and flexibility, and they present a testing combinatorial issue. We present case closet age as a subset choice issue. For submodular destinations, a proficient eager determination foundation is close ideal [36]. We tell the best way to adjust such answers for grant exact and productive choice for container closets; besides, we build up an iterative EM-like calculation to empower non-submodular destinations for blend and-match outfits. Design area is an imperative and worthwhile utilization of PC vision [5], [6]. The vast majority of these works propose utilizing visual examination with different modalities, for example, content and sound data. Roused by these
advances, this work endeavours to approve that we can accomplish better outcomes by joining the-best in class methods in the two fields. From the above audit, we can abridge that the strategies like kmeans, knediods and kNN outflank different systems like fcm, svm and gee. The ongoing systems like profound learning and neural systems are coming up and may surpass the current strategies regarding execution, yet at the same time there is a great deal of work to be done in these areas.

IV. FUTURE WORK

As an augmentation to the current work, the scientists can utilize man-made brainpower strategies like profound nets and fuzzy profound nets so as to additionally upgrade the execution of the outfit piece discovery calculations. Concentrate on hereditary calculations, Elephant crowd enhancements, and molecule swarm advancement can be taken up also.

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